

CIRCULATION  
Daily, over....400,000  
Sunday, over....750,000

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# OFF WITH BANK'S \$38,000

## WETS TO CARRY WAR TO PARTY CONVENTIONS

### Drys Gird Loins for Battle Royal.

ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.  
Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—[Special]  
Opponents of national prohibition are organizing to inject the liquor issue into the presidential campaign. Their immediate object is:

To obtain planks in the Republican and Democratic platforms advocating the liberalization of the prohibition enforcement law.

To elect a majority of the next congress favorable to the redefinition of intoxicating liquor in such manner as to permit the manufacture and sale of light wines and beer.

Wets Planning Hot Fight.

Following the assertion of Gov. Edward of New Jersey last night that he would carry the fight on prohibition into the Democratic convention in San Francisco, it was disclosed today that the wets will appear also in Chicago in a drive on the Republican national convention for a platform plank favoring the liberalization of the

intoxicating liquor issue.

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South.

### WHO WAS SHE?

Red Cross Seeks Antecedents of  
Young Woman Who Died, Refusing to Disclose Her Relatives.



MISS VALERIE HAMILTON.

### POPULAR GIRL WAR AID DIES PAUPER'S DEATH

### Mystery Nurse Saved from Potter's Field.

Who was the pretty Titian haired young woman who appeared in Chicago three years ago, apparently from nowhere, jumped into the midst of war activities as a volunteer worker, served as a Red Cross nurse at Fort Sheridan and died a pauper's death at the County hospital yesterday morning under the name of Valerie Hamilton?

That is the question William S. Otis, field director of the Red Cross at Fort Sheridan, is striving to answer. It is a question which apparently cannot be answered by the scores of soldier and sailor acquaintances of the young woman, including Neville Steele Bullitt, club member and lawyer of Louisville, Ky., who corresponded with the girl until the time of her illness.

Bryan should control the Democratic convention the wets would be ousted. Consequently the wets are being up with President Wilson.

0. F. Candidates on Fence.

Now the wets will fare in the Republican convention is even more problematic. The issue is less pronounced this writing in the Republican than in the Democratic party. Few of the Republican aspirants for the nomination have expressed themselves on the

Senator Harding of Ohio, however, recently advocated strict enforcement of the prohibition law, explaining that only rigid enforcement would determine whether prohibition is a good or bad thing for the nation.

The movement in both parties will prevail for the restoration of personal liberty and state rights. This will be regarded by the wets as a source of national strength in Democratic ranks.

Whatever the action of the national conventions on the issue, the wets will endeavor to elect a congress committed to lifting the lid on light wines and beer by an amendment raising the limit of alcoholic content of intoxicating beverages.

Drys Alive to Issue.

The prohibitionists are alive to the national danger and the Anti-Saloon League is raising a fund of \$25,000,000 to combat the movement of the wets.

When the governors of two great states like New York and New Jersey via the ancient and discredited doctrine of personal liberty and state rights to protect the outlawed liquor it is manifest that the work of organization and the appeal to personal liberty must extend beyond the ranks within our borders," said B. Wheeler, general counsel of the Anti-Saloon League.

Personal liberty was never guaranteed to the citizens of any civilized nation. Civil liberty is guaranteed by personal liberty. Personal liberty secures the rights of liberty.

settled During Civil War.

The state right doctrine was set since all during the civil war. It now to qualify the eight amendment is in effect. Those who are responsible for it will be charged in the future as Andrew Jackson described those who attempted to do the federal law in his day these words:

"They will only be remembered to hold up to scorn by every one who is our glorious constitution and a pile of laws."

Use Spuds as Coins;  
Buy a Jit Player Piano!

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—Potatoes are used in currency in parts of Poland, according to a telegram received here today. Their price is said to fluctuate less than cur-

### BRITISH TALK PEACE TERMS WITH SOVIET

### London Move Bared by Red Diplomat.

BULLETIN.  
STOCKHOLM, Feb. 6.—Peace negotiations between Great Britain and Soviet Russia are in progress, according to a statement which the Svenska Dagbladet attributes to Adolph Joffe, who headed the Bolshevik peace delegation at Dorpat. M. Joffe, the newspaper adds, said Russia desired peace with all nations, and merely stipulated no interference in her internal affairs.

BY EDWIN L. JAMES.  
Chicago Tribune—New York Times Cable.  
[Copyright: 1920.]

PARIS, Feb. 6.—Lenin and Trotsky have double-crossed allied diplomats again. At the time when the Soviet leaders were declaring they would permit Russian cooperatives to do commercial business with the allied countries without interfering, and when allied commerce was preparing to resume these commercial relations, the Red chieftains were working overtime reorganizing the Russian cooperatives, placing their control absolutely under the Moscow government in such a manner that dealing with the cooperatives cannot be carried on without dealing with the Soviet authorities.

The development would appear to make impossible the execution of the plan of the three premiers to deal with Russia without recognizing or dealing with the Soviet government.

The situation is, then, peace with the Soviets, or no trade with Russia.

Despite the fact that Premier Miller declared in the chamber on Wednesday that the French government would have no dealings with the Soviets, there is every indication that the allies are getting close to peace with Red Russia. Should Lloyd George make his expected proposal of peace next week, he would be supported by Italy, and France probably would fail to line it if convinced that the majority of the allies favored the project.

Lloyd George for Peace.

It has been reported in Paris for two weeks that the British premier will propose making peace with the Soviets. England has refused material aid to Poland to fight the Reds, and is said to believe the best thing Poland can do is to avoid clashes with the Soviet armies. Lloyd George's idea is said to be that the Soviets should be left to settle with Red Russia.

The young woman registered at the Hotel Sherman last month as "Valerie Hamilton, Chicago." On Jan. 16 she was seen ill. She announced she was penniless. The Chicago police removed her to the county hospital. She asked that Mrs. Leota Patterson, 4338 South Michigan avenue, be her guardian.

Saved from Potter's Field.

Mr. Otis announced last night that in case he is unable to locate relatives of the young woman, who evidently came from a home of refinement and wealth, the Red Cross will pay the funeral expenses and save Valerie from the potter's field.

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Irving H. Cone of Los Angeles.

Cash in bank, stocks and bonds total \$2,318,673 and the Prairie avenue home is listed at \$42,000. The contents of the home are estimated at \$59,526.

Jewelry in the vaults of the Northern Trust company is said to be worth \$48,642.

Of the household effects, paintings alone are valued at \$33,240. Among the paintings listed, with the valuations given by the appraisers, are:

Rembrandt's "Portrait of Artist's Father," \$45,000; John Constable's "Stoke by Nayland," \$45,000; Sir Joshua Reynolds' "Lady Sarah Bunbury," \$22,500; Jean Francois Millet's "Sheep with Peasant Girl," \$21,250; Thomas Gainsborough's "Countess of Bristol," \$22,000; George Romney's "Lady Francis Russell," \$27,500; Sir Thomas Lawrence's "Mrs. Wolf," \$20,000; a landscape by Hobbema, \$24,000; "Landscape with Bathing Women," by Corot, \$17,500.

Worth Million, Dealer Says.

"From my knowledge of Mrs. Kimball's collection of paintings, I should say it would bring probably \$1,000,000 at public auction," said William V. O'Brien of the O'Brien Art gallery.

The Rembrandt is worth \$100,000. The Sir Joshua Reynolds about \$65,000 and others in proportion."

The collection is said to rank second only to that of Martin A. Ryerson among Chicago private collections.

Mr. O'Brien described the jades and porcelains as "one of the most wonderful collections in America." Sixty-five Chinese and Japanese jades and porcelains, vases, bowls and plaques are estimated at \$22,000.

Mr. Kimball's holdings of stock are given a par value of \$1,545,700.

Her bond holdings total \$733,000, including \$100,000 in Liberty bonds,

### LATE NEWS BULLETINS

TOKIO, Tuesday, Feb. 3.—(By the Associated Press.)—Two Russian warships filled with Gen. Rosanoff's officers and their families entered Tsuruga harbor at dawn today.

Tsuruga harbor is on the west coast of Japan. Gen. Rosanoff was in command at Vladivostok until recently.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—A committee of the oldest members of the national assembly will meet tomorrow to advise the government relative to the extradition question. Philipp Scheidemann, former chancellor and at present president of the Reichstag committee on foreign affairs, conferred today with President Ebert, Premier Bauer, and Foreign Minister Mueller preparatory to Monday's meeting of the cabinet at which Germany's policy will be decided upon.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—A Berlin wireless dispatch quotes Matthias Erzberger, German minister of finance and vice chancellor, as declaring it will be impossible to deliver up a single German to the "hateful revenge of our adversaries." The dispatch adds that Count Montgelas, a well known pacifist, whose name is included in the list of persons demanded by the allies, has withdrawn his former declaration urging the Germans to demand a surrender voluntarily.

The trial leads from a penal institution to a one-armed restaurant, in which romance blossomed, thence into the world of finance, where the whilom waiter, now become trusted bank messenger, demonstrated the ease with which a man with the will to do may accomplish most any undertaking.

Adopts New Personality.

For the 23 year old Mr. Kellner, though living in Chicago with his parents, had sloughed his old personality a year ago to become known to all acquaintances as George A. Franz of 732 Oak Park avenue, Oak Park. It was under that pseudo identity that he obtained employment on Jan. 20 with the Harris Trust and Savings bank.

Accepting his references, one of which was repudiated last night, the other being supplied by his father, a party to the masquerade, the bank instructed him with large sum of money. Ordinarily messengers are allowed to carry not more than \$9,000. Yesterday Kellner prevailed upon the officials to let him carry the \$38,000 in Liberty bonds to the Federal Reserve bank, 209 South La Salle street.

Does the Vanishing Act.

His mission was to exchange the bonds, which were in denominations of \$50 and \$100, for \$500, \$1,000, and \$5,000 denominations. He left the Harris institution at 1 o'clock and arrived at his destination at 1:15. His next appearance, and the last so far as known to the police, was at the Horn & Hardart Automat company restaurant at 130 South Clark street, where the bride, formerly Miss Mayme Steele of 1015 Irving Park boulevard, was under her old name.

The aged owner of this collection is Evaline M. Kimball, widow of W. W. Kimball, founder of the Kimball Piano company. Her treasures mean little to her now. Seventy-nine years old, Mrs. Kimball recently was adjudged a "distracted and feeble-minded person," and the Northern Trust company and Attorney John H. Coulter were appointed as conservators of her property.

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The contents of the Kimball home were first revealed in an inventory of the property, approved yesterday by Paul Corkell, assistant to Probate Judge Horner.

Estates Placed at \$2,800,000.

The entire estate is approximated at \$2,800,000, \$1,800,000 more than the estimate made at the time the conservator petition was filed by her brother, Irving H. Cone of Los Angeles.

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### MESSAGER OF HARRIS TRUST TAKES BONDS

### Hides Past Record by New Name.

A disconsolate bride of four weeks and a disillusioned bank, the Harris Trust and Savings, are camped on the Jekyll-Hyde trail of Max D. Kellner, who vanished yesterday in the financial heart of the loop with \$38,000 in Liberty bonds.

The trail leads from a penal institution to a one-armed restaurant, in which romance blossomed, thence into the world of finance, where the whilom waiter, now become trusted bank messenger, demonstrated the ease with which a man with the will to do may accomplish most any undertaking.

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frequently permitted him to use the machine. It was of the Templar company's manufacture—a small five passenger car of the same general type as that which witnesses say conveyed the slayers to Enright's residence, and it bore a license tag, number 457,385.

One of the side curtains was pierced by a hole the edges of which indicated a gun, though it was not dissimilar to perforations made by bullets, and an celluloid window in the same curtain was torn.

Malzone denied having driven the motor on Tuesday when Enright was killed—at about 6:10 p. m. "The only time I saw it that day," he said, "was about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when my cousin was driving it south in State street, near the corner about 5 o'clock, to the Braggs, but he did not have the car with him; and I don't remember seeing it that night."

Watch for Bullock.

A watch was set on Bullock, and Malzone, who is 18, is a high school student, was identified. He said he remained with his uncle, Connie Bullock, at 5017 South State street; the latter is also a cousin of the fugitive.

Mrs. Ralph Bullock and her husband's sister, Elizabeth, were taken to the state's attorney's office and questioned, the wife carrying her baby. They said they had seen Bullock about 5:30 or 6 o'clock but did not know where he went or where he could be found. Ralph's brother, Frank, and two of their brothers and four other men, two of them bartenders, Frank refused to give any information concerning his brother or his brother's auto. The women were released.

"I am convinced," said Mr. Heyne, "that Ralph Bullock will be able to tell us a great deal about the murderer. So will the other missing principal, who has bragged to several persons. I have been told, of having had a hand in putting Enright out of the way."

An attempt to trace the ownership of the Bullock motor car by its license number revealed no tangible relationships. The police records showed that license No. 455,385 had been issued to Connie Putnam of 4903 Dearborn street. No such name could be found in the telephone directory, but Mrs. Marie Putnam was listed as the address given.

Trace Family Connections.

She did not respond to the call, so Mrs. Thomas Putnam, whose name appeared on the order, was summoned to the wire. She said that Mrs. Marie Putnam resided at 5544 South Wells street, where a reporter found her. Connie Putnam [also known, it developed, as Connie Putnam] was a machinist in a garage at Fifteenth and State streets, where the Lettlers saloon is situated, and he once had owned a car. Connie's sister, Gertrude, Mrs. Putnam said, is the wife of the missing Ralph Bullock.

Second Chiaravalloti in Custody.

Frank Chiaravalloti was surrendered by his attorney, Rocco De Stefano, after Mr. Heyne's detectives had taken in custody another Frank Chiaravalloti, a nephew of the first man. The latter was released.

An informer of the state's attorney, earlier in the day had pointed positively to the elder Chiaravalloti as the leader of the band of gunmen who killed Enright, and described the haberdashery as one of the centers of the plot.

"Big Jim" Colosimo, underworld politician and restauranteur, with a cabaret at 2126 South Wabash avenue and a roadhouse at Burnham, is an uncle of the elder Chiaravalloti. Mr. Heyne said he had been told. But Attorney De Stefano defined the only connection between the two families was the younger Chiaravalloti's engagement to Mary Jane Morena, Mrs. Colosimo's sister.

In the Colosimo restaurants, according to information which the prosecutor said he had received, the plot to slay the labor leader actually was laid under the joint auspices of Carozzo and his partner, "Big Tim" Murphy.

Believe Gunmen Implicated.

Thereafter, the prosecutor's informant asserted, Chiaravalloti summoned from New York three or more gunmen, two of whom drove in a motor car to the Enright residence at 1110 Garfield boulevard, Tuesday night, and put "Moss" to death.

Mrs. Enright received a special delivery letter on Wednesday which from the envelope postmark was mailed from downtown and received through the Fifty-first street station. The letter was written on a torn piece of an old envelope and read as follows:

"Mike Carozzo killed your husband, One Who Nose."

Cragin Police Hunt for Moron Who Robbed Girl

The Cragin police began a search last night for a man believed to be a moron who attempted to attack Miss Victoria Pierattini, 20 years old, 1709 North Kilman avenue, whom he robbed at North Kilbourne and West Grand avenue.

## OFFICIALS IN CROWD OF HUNDREDS AT ENRIGHT FUNERAL

"M OSS" ENRIGHT, gunman, had many enemies, but his friends, as counted by those who stood bareheaded in the snow flurry, were more than a draped casket on horse to Mount Olivet cemetery, were numbered by the hundreds. Fully a thousand persons passed beside the casket as the body lay in the Enright home at 1110 West Garfield boulevard.

There were numbered among the throng judges before whom he had stood at the bar of justice, men who had gambled with him in the gunman's game, city officials, saloonkeepers, fel low union leaders, and state senators.

Sixty automobiles were in the procession as the body was taken from the Church of the Visitation, three blocks from the Enright home, where solemn high mass was celebrated by Father Joseph L. Kearns, assisted by Fathers Thomas Carty, Edmund P. Kelly, and Peter Dunn.

Among those present were Al Tarnay, for the Ald. Joseph F. Swift, for Senator William O'Brien, Assistant Corporation Counsel James W. Breen, Judge John Sullivan, Deputy Coroner M. J. Walsh, Ald. William R. O'Toole, Senator John McDermott, Gene Geary, now on bonds on a murder charge, and Barney Bertsch, referred to man.

The pall bearers were Tom Kearney, Frank Ryan, Frank Ragan, Ray Foye, Charles Ryan and Charles Karsens, kind business associates and friends. Hundreds of telegrams were received at the Enright home. The services at the graveside, where the murdered man's mother collapsed, were attended by 500 persons.

## SHOWS NEED OF WIDER POWERS FOR BOYS' COURT

Might Lighten Work of Other Judges.

There are approximately 4,000 probations of all minors who have passed through the courts in Chicago, and it is estimated that of this number 10 to 12 per cent have proved delinquent to the trust. However, this story has to do exclusively with those of the number who have passed through the boys' branch of the Municipal court, and were held to the grand jury in the year between Sept. 30, 1918, and Oct. 1, 1919.

The figures are taken from a table compiled in the office of John T. Homan, chief adult criminal officer, and soon to be a member of the annual report of the activities of his department. In that time the grand jury indicted 294 individuals and returned 296 no bills in cases docketed through the Boys' court.

The report shows that an inconsiderable number of persons charged with major and minor crimes escaped alteration, or were given light sentences, only to be turned loose again.

What the Report Shows.

The gist of the report follows:

BURGLARY—Felony waived in ninety-four cases; eighty-four found guilty of petit larceny; seven not guilty, and three guilty of receiving stolen property.

ROBBERY—Twenty convicted of petit larceny, six grand larceny.

GRAND LARCENY—Fifty-one convicted of petit larceny only and three of robbery.

RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY—Four convicted of petit larceny, three grand larceny.

CONSPIRACY—Four convicted of petit larceny.

CONFIDENCE GAME—Seven convicted of petit larceny.

RAPE—Two convicted of contributing toward delinquency.

ATTEMPTED RAPE—One guilty of contributing toward delinquency.

Burdened Criminal Court.

In all, 152 were indicted for felonies where the charge of felony was waived at the trial and were found guilty of petit larceny; this aside from the 296 who were not indicted at all. Thus, 448 comes out of 1,300 might have been disposed of in the Boys' court at the time of their preliminary hearings had those interested been willing to waive the felonious charge. In other words, the grand jury and the Criminal court were burdened with the indictment and trial of these cases, which it was possible to have been disposed of in the Boys' court if direct action had been taken there.

## FRANCE STOPS BUYING IN U. S. TO SAVE FRANC

Expects 2 Year Struggle Back to Normal.

BY HENRY WALES.  
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)

(By Special Cable.)

PARIS, Feb. 6.—"France has stopped buying American goods," said Judge Walter R. Berry, president of the American Chamber of Commerce in France. "It is not by any means a boycott. Far from it."

"The reason France is not importing American products is due solely to the exchange rate—a dollar for fifteen francs today, a rise of 300 per cent above normal."

"Before the war France bought a little more from America than it sold us, but the difference was more than made up by American tourists who bought much and spent much in France each year. But during 1919 France bought exactly fourteen times as much from America as she sold to the United States. It will be a long time before exchange once returns to the pre-war rate."

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PARIS, Feb. 6.—Hope is entertained in peace conference circles that if the Jugo-Slavs would accept Italy's proposition for the settlement of the Adriatic question, the Italians will consent to any modifications that are not considered vital.

It is understood that the British, French and Greek ministers at Belgrade, when delivering a copy of the pact of London to the Jugo-Slav government, will make it clearly understood that the alternative is between accepting the Italian proposition without important changes and the strict execution of the London agreement.

Especially interesting is the Derby of nobby little proportions—the Prince of Wales. Other styles in proportions to please every individual taste and desire.

\$4, \$5, \$6, \$8, \$10 and \$12

Main Floor

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Main Floor

## FLU OR FLOWN?

Actress, Who Reported Sick, but Is Believed to Have Elopement.



MISS ESTHER WALKER.  
(Photo by Moffett.)

MISS ESTHER WALKER.

## LLOYD GEORGE WON'T WEAKEN ON WAR CRIMES

Many Germans Ready to  
Seize Accused.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Chicago Tribune-New York Times Cable.

[Copyright: 1920.]

PARIS, Feb. 6.—Premier Lloyd George has refused his approval of the motion of the committee of ambassadors to weaken the allied demand for handing over the Germans accused of war crimes.

The ambassadors on Wednesday decided to send a note to the German government setting forth that the principle of Article 228 must be admitted by Germany through formal acceptance of the list, but intimating that a way was open for modifications when it came to the practical enforcement of the article.

The note was sent with the list, but the note was held up until it could be sent to the allied premiers for approval.

Lord George Spurns "Retreat."

Instead of approving it, Lloyd George sent his lord chancellor and attorney general to Paris. It is generally reported the British premier does not approve of any note which might be presented by Berlin as weakening on the part of the allies.

The note of the ambassadors was predicated upon the desire to avoid an open break at this time with the German government. Their expression, while indefinite, was intended to have a somewhat mollifying effect. Just what Lloyd George wants to do to secure the extradition of Von Hindenburg, Ludendorff, and company is not yet clear.

SAYS EBERT WONT QUIT

Chicago Tribune-New York Times Cable.

[Copyright: 1920.]

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—The publication of the entente's blacklist created the greatest excitement, not only in official circles but with the public generally, not to mention the newspapers, which, while one dissenting voice, declare a German government can comply with the extradition demands of the allies. It should be stated, though, that the Independent Socialist Diethardt and the Communist Rose Phebe have been suppressed since Jan. 16 and consequently the voice of the extreme elements is not heard.

The correspondent asked the Independent Socialist leader Wilhelm Dittmann what he thought would happen to the present government resigned.

"Lot of Bluffers."

"They will not resign," he replied. "They are only bluffing. They exist only by bluffing. No matter what the Socialists decide, they will still be here."

"Why do you say they are only bluffing?" he was asked.

"Because it is absolutely untrue if they claim no German could be found who would arrest the blacklisted persons," he replied. "There are over 100,000 German workingmen who would be ready to arrest those criminals and deliver them for punishment."

Many Would Seize Accused.

Finally, asked if an independent government could be formed that would comply with the entente's demands in case the present government should fall, all rem, Dittmann hesitated a few moments and then said:

"What's the use of discussing the question? They will not resign. Be-cause I cannot speak for my whole party at present."

Democrats there are, as Dittmann said, many people here who, either because they honestly believe in punishment for crimes during war, or because they hope this demand of the entente may bring Germany to the brink of chaos upon which they expect to build a new Utopian community, would jubilate over the downfall of the present government and deliver all the blacklisted persons if they could.

Swiss to Follow Dutch Lead.

GENEVA, Feb. 6.—Swiss federal authorities, it is reported, will follow the precedent set by Holland in dealing with demands from the allies for the extradition of Germans who are in this country.

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## Enright Murder Car and Evidence Seized

Machine Taken by Hoyne's Sleuths as One Driven by Slayers. Below, Detective Showing Auto Curtain with Arrow Pointing to Hole Such as Might Have Been Made by a Bullet.



### EVERY CRIME IN THE CATALOG IS LAID TO 'HINDY' AND 'LUDY'

By Special Cable.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—In the book containing the list of accused Germans four pages are devoted to the indictment of Gen. von Hindenburg and Gen. Ludendorff, who are demanded for trial by both France and Belgium. The same charges are brought against both.

Hindenburg and Ludendorff are accused of planning devastations, of ordering wells poisoned, of allowing graveyards to be sacrilegious, and of stealing American food sent into invaded Belgium and northern France. They are accused of ordering the use and destruction of 150 villages, the names of which fill twenty-two lines of type.

The two German chieftains are further accused of the illegal formation of labor battalions in the invaded regions and of forcing women to work for the German army contrary to the laws of war.

These accusations are based upon the testimony of Belgians and French living in the invaded regions and also on German army records. Ludendorff is accused specifically of using civilians to protect his armies and Hindenburg is accused of having created the famed "domain of death" in the region of the Hindenburg line.

The whole page lists the unlawful deportations ordered by Hindenburg and Ludendorff and much space is given to the outrages which were permitted by the marshal and his chief lieutenant.

Many Would Seize Accused.

Finally, asked if an independent government could be formed that would comply with the entente's demands in case the present government should fall, all rem, Dittmann hesitated a few moments and then said:

"What's the use of discussing the question? They will not resign. Be-cause I cannot speak for my whole party at present."

Democrats there are, as Dittmann said, many people here who, either because they honestly believe in punishment for crimes during war, or because they hope this demand of the entente may bring Germany to the brink of chaos upon which they expect to build a new Utopian community, would jubilate over the downfall of the present government and deliver all the blacklisted persons if they could.

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## GEN. HOWZE SAYS MEXICO AFFAIRS ARE INTOLERABLE

Commander on the Border Despairs of Future.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 6.—Conditions in Mexico were described as "intolerable" by Gen. Robert Lee Howze, commander of the El Paso district, when he testified today before the senate subcommittee investigating the Mexican situation.

The appearance of Gen. Howze was with the approval of the war department.

His conclusions were contained in a short statement he read to the committee. "Its presentation was preceded by a summary of the reports he had gathered of American casualties on the American side attributable to Mexicans since 1917. It accounted for eleven killed and seventeen wounded.

**Text of Statement.**

Following is Gen. Howze's statement: "Off and on during the last four years I have had peculiar advantages of which I have been able to see and to know the things, so far as concerns American and foreign owned property, which have happened on this side of the Rio Grande and in Mexico.

"I will not undertake to describe them—they are too numerous and already well known. My conclusions ought to be sufficient. The intolerable conditions which have covered a period of nearly ten years have continually grown worse, and I am convinced that the age of shamefulness and horror, as viewed from the American conception of justice and decency, was reached last fall, a condition which still exists.

**Mexico Ever Insulting.**

"The Mexican government, during these ten critical years, has never, as far as I can determine, done one friendly thing toward our government, or toward our American and Mexican government, or its people, has done no end of disolute, contemptuous, and offensive things of large importance toward our government and our people.

"The result has been an increased estrangement and an increased hatred against Americans. There is no end of reports showing that Americans are being murdered or captured and released on payment of ransoms. French owned properties are being confiscated practically destroyed.

**The Carnival of Crime.**

"Everywhere in Mexico, as far as can be observed, there is lack of protection. Murder, rapine, and destruction prevail. From our point of view there is no evidence of constructive statesmanship.

"We who closely observe believe the future of Mexico, so far as it affects us, is a sorry one, and left solely in the control of Mexican soldiers."

Col. Francis Glover, Gen. Howze's chief of staff, added regarding the fighting in Juarez on June 15-16, 1919, that the bullets which fell in El Paso were from both Mexican armies, but that the majority were those fired by Carranza soldiers.

Echoes of the Carrazal fight, heard by the committee from George Turner, one of the Negro troopers in the fight and who carried Capt. Boyd, fatally wounded, out of the firing line. The Negro told the committee of the brutal treatment accorded him and the others who were taken prisoners and by the Mexicans.

**Ville to Help Obregon.**

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—Francisco Villa has agreed to support Gen. Alvaro Obregon in his candidacy for the presidency, according to unofficial sources reaching Washington today.

**U. S. Flyers Still Detained.**

Douglas, Ariz., Feb. 6.—No word has been received at Nacoziari tonight indicating when Lieuts. L. M. Wolf and G. M. Ulmer, American aviators held prisoner since Monday, would be released by Mexican authorities.

A dispatch from Nacoziari earlier today said the Mexican government would demand a full explanation from the American government as to how such other punishment as a court martial may direct" might be inflicted.

**Hurled 500 Feet to Death in Canyon at Telluride**

Telluride, Colo., Feb. 6.—George Palo, 21 years old, was caught in a snowslide and hurled 1,500 feet to his death yesterday to the bottom of a cañon in the Black Bear mountains.

**CHICAGO MAN FOUND DEAD**

Rockford, Ill., Feb. 6.—(Special to Tribune) William C. Louth, representative of the Hood Tire company, 2505 South Michigan avenue, Chicago, was found dead in a local hotel today. His death is believed to have been caused by heart trouble.

## START WAR

Women Who Involved Wood and Lowden in Illinois Fight.



MRS. FLETCHER DOBYNS.  
(Photo by Frank Lansell.)

MISS HARRIET VITTM.

## WOMEN INVOLVE WOOD IN ILLINOIS WAR ON LOWDEN

Miss Vittum's Challenge Met by Mrs. Dobyns.

Open hostilities in Illinois by Gen. Leonard Wood against Gov. Lowden for the presidential preference vote in April started yesterday, with the women in the first line trenches.

Miss Harriet Vittum, general manager of the Wood woman's campaign announced a partial list of members of her national committee and gave out a preliminary list of women who are to form the Illinois committee. Mrs. J. C. Nachbor of Joliet was announced as the chairman of the Illinois Wood committee.

**Tells Her Theory.**

"We are proceeding on the theory that Gen. Wood will be a direct contender against Gov. Lowden on April 13 in Illinois," Miss Vittum said, "and we have started to let the women of Illinois know something more of Gen. Wood than his army record."

The challenge was instantly countered by Mrs. Fletcher Dobyns, chief of the Lowden woman's division, who opened her headquarters a few doors away from Miss Vittum along presidential row at the Congress hotel.

**Ready for Fight.**

"We are all set and ready for just such a contest in Illinois," Mrs. Dobyns said. "Gen. Wood may have many friends among the women in Chicago, but downtown, Gov. Lowden is the only choice for the presidency of Illinois by far and away. We welcome the opening of the campaign by our opponents and the result can be only a wonderful demonstration of the strength that Gov. Lowden has among the women of his own state."

## GORMLEY DENIES GRAIN CAR ORDER TIES UP BUILDING

Complaints of the Chicago Building Material Exchange and the Illinois Manufacturers' association to the railroad administration that the order giving priority to grain cars threatens the safety of building here and the employment of 150,000 workers, caused Assistant Regional Director M. J. Gormley to issue a statement yesterday to the effect that the rule had no such intent or effect.

"It simply directed that box cars suitable to the handling of grain, with certain specified exceptions, be rushed to the elevators so that the crop could be moved," said Gormley.

"These cars are only a small percentage of those available for general shipping uses. The order will make the present shortage more acute, but not an embargo."

**BRITTEN URGES ACTION.**

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—(Special) Following receipt of a telegram from the Chicago Building Material Exchange, Congressman Fred A. Britten today urged the traffic director of the United States railroad administration to remove the embargo on box cars for transportation of building materials.

## ALLEGED SPY MAY GO FREE IN COURT TODAY

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—Whether or not the United States navy has jurisdiction to try Heinemann, alias Carl V. Berger, alleged German spy and officer of the German navy, was arrested last May in New York, but, through a legal technicality that there must be two witnesses to an overt treasonable act, escaped trial by civil authorities, will be fought out in the federal court at New York tomorrow. Then Wessels will be delivered by the naval authorities on a writ of habeas corpus.

Wessels, indicted for conspiracy to commit espionage during June, 1918, before the espionage act had been passed, probably will be freed if the navy is denied jurisdiction. He has been in custody since his indictment.

A dispatch from Nacoziari earlier today said the Mexican government would demand a full explanation from the American government as to how such other punishment as a court martial may direct" might be inflicted.

The navy now has seven destroyer tenders, and two others will be completed within the next two years. The destroyer force by the end of 1920 will include 298 large destroyers. Secretary Daniels said.

**Rosenberg's Raided and 44 Booked as Gamblers**

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—Construction of three "aviation carriers," which are floating airplane "bases," and four destroyer tenders, which are floating navy repair shops, was recommended to congress today by Secretary Daniels, who proposed that fabricated steel stand on hand at the Hog Island shipyard be used, thus reducing the cost of the vessels from \$23,000,000 to \$11,000,000.

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## Banking at Night

Our Savings Department is open all day Saturdays and Mondays until 8 P. M.

"It isn't what you earn that counts—it's what you **SAVE**"

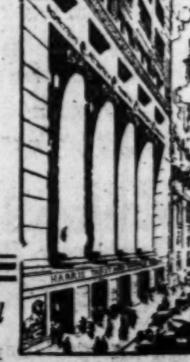
## Harris Trust & Savings Bank

Organized as N. W. Harris & Co. 1882. Incorporated 1907

HARRIS TRUST BUILDING, CHICAGO

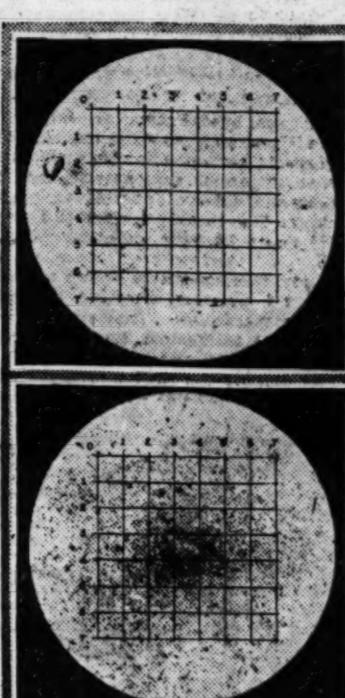
Capital and Surplus \$5,000,000

"Your Personal Bank"



## AIR

7,320,000 Dust Particles in Every Cubic Foot of Yesterday's Fog.



## ASKS A MONROE DOCTRINE AS AID TO FREE IRELAND

De Valera Says That Would Secure Great Britain.

New York, Feb. 6.—[Special]—Eamonn de Valera, president of the republic of Ireland, is quoted by the Westminster Gazette as outlining in an interview the concessions which the Sinn Fein or Republican party is willing to make to Great Britain for the sake of reaching an amicable settlement.

The two chief features of the De Valera proposal are quoted as follows:

"The granting of complete independence to Ireland on the same basis as the independence granted to Cuba by the United States during the Spanish-American war of liberation. Under the Platt amendment Cuba enjoys an autonomous government under the virtual protection of the United States.

The granting of complete independence under the operation of a policy based on the American Monroe doctrine.

**As to Britain's "Security."**

"A favorite argument of those who seek to justify England in holding its grip on Ireland, despite the obvious rights of the people of Ireland as a distinct and separate nation to choose their own way of life and obedience," De Valera said, "is that Britain's security demands it."

"Now, if it were really her independent and inalienable right to life as a national state, she could easily make provision for that without in any way infringing upon the equally sacred right

of the neighboring nation to its independence and to its life.

"The United States by the Monroe doctrine made provision for its security without depriving the Latin republics of the south of their independence and their life.

"Why does not Britain do with Cuba what the United States did with Ireland? Why does not Britain declare a Monroe doctrine for the two neighboring islands? The people of Ireland, so far from objecting, would cooperate with their whole soul."

## OFFER NEW BILL SOON.

(By Special Cable.)

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The Irish home rule bill will be introduced immediately upon the reassembling of parliament next week and it will be passed without delay. Ulster is now willing to accept the main features, and it is hoped the large body of the moderate opinion of south Ireland will also accept self-government within the empire.

## RAIDS SINK FEIN IN LONDONDERRY AND FINDS BOMBS

LONDONDERRY, Ireland, Feb. 6.—Police and military last night raided the houses of several Sinn Feiners and arrested three of them. A quantity of arms, ammunition, and explosives was found.

Replace Sinn Fein Banner.

DUBLIN, Feb. 6.—The civic flag replaced the Sinn Fein banner over the city hall when the municipal council met today.

The council did not take up the proposal of the transport worker, O'Brien, that the mace and sword be removed, on the ground that they were implements of feudal authority, relics of barbarism, and perpetual symbols of servitude.

Application has been initiated in the king's bench division for the release of the recently elected lord mayor, Tom Kelly, who is in Wormwood Scrubs prison.

## GREER COLLEGE OF MOTORING.

Learn driving, repairing, selling; actual practice; day or evening classes; complete outfit.

3693—My Isle of Golden Dreams (Hawaiian Waltz). Played by Brooktree and Erlebach.

3687—Naughty Waltz (Waltz). Played by Barton and Herzog.

3695—Nobdy Ever (Fox Trot). Played by Frey and Banta.

3725—On the Trail to Santa Fe (Waltz). Played by Cliff Hess (Composer).

3715—O' (Oh) (Fox Trot). Played by Cliff Hess (Composer).

3727—Out of a Clear Sky (Fox Trot). Played by Cliff Hess.

3463—Saint Louis Blues (Fox Trot). Played by Frank Banta.

3717—Some Day You'll Know (Fox Trot). Played by Edith Baker.

3707—Swans (One-step). Played by Harry Stover.

3683—Sweet and Low (Waltz). Played by George Gershwin (Composer).

3697—That's Worth While Waiting for (Fox Trot). Played by Rudolph Erlebach.

3709—Wait'll You See (Fox Trot). Played by Harry Stover.

3699—You Ain't Heard Nothing Yet (Fox Trot). Played by Harry Ruby (Composer).

3743—You and Your Smile (Ballad). Played by Ed Edgeworth.

3711—You Said It (Fox Trot). Played by Harry Ruby (Composer).

## FEBRUARY MEL O'DEE

NOW READY

Player piano owners have a rare treat this month: SONG ROLLS

3721—Any Time at All (Waltz). Played by Cliff Hess (Composer).

3701—Come to the Moon (Fox Trot). Played by George Gershwin (Composer).

3718—Googie Go (Fox Trot). Played by Harry Donnelly (Composer).

3703—I Know a Band That Needs No Leader (Fox Trot). Played by Edith Baker.

3685—I'm Waiting for Ships That Never Come in (Fox Trot). Played by Rosalie Edgeworth.

3705—I Never Knew (Fox Trot). Played by Frank Banta.

3689—In Our Bungalow, "Rose of China" (Fox Trot). Played by Frank Banta.

3723—Meet Me in Bubble Land (Waltz). Played by Jones and Mann.

3691—Molly Malone. "Passing Show 1919" (Fox Trot). Played by Harry Stover.

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## 104 FACE DEATH ON SHIP AGROUND NEAR NEW YORK

High Seas Block Rescue;  
Storm Toll Soars.

New York, Feb. 6.—A blinding snow storm and a furious sea tonight hampered all attempts of rescuing vessels to reach the Old Dominion liner *Princess Anne*, aground off Rockaway Point with 104 persons aboard. More than a half dozen tugs, a coast guard cutter, and a police boat, which put out to the aid of the stranded vessel, were unable to get within hailing distance and temporarily abandoned their efforts.

In shore the coast guard made desperate efforts to get a lifeboat to the stranded ship, but were balked by the heavy breakers. Capt. Tucker of the Avenue coast guard station and nine men were standing by through the night on the shore opposite the *Princess Anne*. The vessel is only about a half mile off shore, but could not be discerned through the thick weather. Just before nightfall the steamer was listing in toward the beach.

If the vessel continues rough to-morrow and the stranded steamer is endangered by the heavy seas, it is planned to attempt the rescue of the passengers by breeches buoy. If it is impossible to shoot lines aboard the small dirigible B-10, which is at Rockaway air station, may be used to carry a line to the vessel.

**Many Ships in Distress.**  
Besides the *Princess Anne* a number of other ships are in distress along the coast. The *Moine*, of the New England Steamship company, is aground off Elevation Point. The *Chester N. Chapin*, New Hampshire, Pequonock and city of Lowell, as well as many smaller craft are fast in the Long Island Sound ice. The bark *George W. Schofield* was wrecked at Corson's Point of Philadelphia. Its crew was saved.

The storm which harassed the ship has been pounding the Atlantic seaboard from Maine to the Virginia Capes for nearly three days. It has crippled the coast cities with ice, snow and tidal floods. The loss runs into millions. In New York alone it is above the \$2,000,000 mark—and reports at regular intervals send the total upward.

**New York Helpless.**  
New York City is helpless in the grip of ice and snow. The falling of the roof of a residence and commercial scores. Lieut. Col. Frederick Dabney, stationed at Coney Island, was killed by a falling theater canopy. Life is almost at a standstill, only subways being able to maintain

### BETROTHED

Daughter of Harry Payne Whitney to wed Roderick Tower.



## MORONS SAFE OR UNSAFE: DOCTORS FAIL TO AGREE

Dr. H. N. Moyer Calls  
Them Useful People.

Contradictory opinions regarding morons and their treatment by the general public were expressed last night by physicians in talks before the Eugenics Education Society of Chicago.

"A pure moron is really quite a respectable member of society," Dr. Harold N. Moyer, the first speaker, asserted. "A man may be a moron and still be a very useful person."

"We ought to have more of them, for they form a highly useful part of the community. They can't be doctors or lawyers, because they are mentally deficient, but they form the finest kind of unskilled labor for instance, garbage gatherers or coal shovellers."

**Cannot Be "Good Criminal."**

"There are scores of occupations in which morons can be used. That is, of course, the real, pure, true morons, the purely feeble-minded, who are incapable of adjusting themselves to the intellectual plane of their more normal fellow men."

"They are not insane; they are simply intellectually deficient."

"The moron is not capable of becoming a good criminal, because he is intellectually incapable of supporting himself by crime. The moron generally are but in the nature of petty misdemeanors. The late Fitzgerald, for instance, who killed that little girl Janet and hid her body in a coal hole, was widely heralded as a moron, but he was not."

**Calls Them Unsafe.**  
Dr. Harriet C. B. Alexander took another view.

"I consider every moron a potential criminal," she said. "He can never safely live in a community and must be isolated under constant supervision. The moron has no sense of moral responsibility, he has no check to his desires. Whatever he wishes to do he does—he is untrustworthy, vicious, unsympathetic. He is a menace."

The meeting, which was held at the Brownleigh club, Michigan avenue and Randolph street, was attended by some fifty people.

### 895 Profiteers and Hoarders in U. S. Net

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—The campaign against food profiteers and hoarders has resulted in 895 arrests, the department of justice announced today. While only a small number have been brought to trial the prosecutions so far have resulted in twenty-eight convictions, officials said, penalties ranging upward to a fine of \$5,000, with one year's imprisonment.

regular schedule. The trains were mobbed. Although as high as a hundred an hour was offered, many shovellers cleared the streets of knee deep snow could not be obtained. Health is maintained by the street conditions. A shortage of food and fuel is imminent.

Mayor Hyland ordered all trucks not delivering food or fuel, turned over to the city to aid in the work of clearing the streets.

City Island, in Long Island sound which is part of New York City, was marooned. Deep drifts compelled most of the 2,000 residents to stay at home. Commuters living far out on Long Island were unable to get to work in New York today, as drifts blocked the tracks and many trains were stalled.

**Coney Island Abandoned.**  
Many winter residents of Coney Island left their homes in boats today, for there was three feet of water in most of the streets. Policemen visited marooned residents of bungalows to see if food or other aid was needed.

Telephone reports from Long beach on Long Island, declared the resort town to be marooned. The village, the storm having marooned it. No train or vehicle of any kind has been able to reach there in forty-eight hours.

**895 Profiteers and  
Hoarders in U. S. Net**

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## How Money Grows by Monthly Deposits

UNLESS he has learned to save, the average person has very little idea of how money really multiplies itself when placed at interest, even in the smallest sums.

If you deposit \$10 every month the harvest in ten years will be nearly \$1,400. You have \$198.98 in interest for which your money, not you, labored.

During the earning period of your life, you work hard for your dollars. If you spend them they are gone. If you save them they not only work for you but they are very prolific. A dollar saved when you are young will still be working for you when you are old, and in addition it will have others which it will have produced and they, too, will be working for you.

Study the accompanying table. It shows just how money grows.

We have dime savings banks and other facilities to assist those who wish to begin to save. Call and talk over the savings idea with any of our officers.

All Deposits  
Made on or  
Before the  
Tenth of Any  
Month Will  
Draw Interest  
From the First

TABLE SHOWING GROWTH OF ONE TO TWENTY DOLLARS MONTHLY DEPOSITS  
IN ONE TO TEN YEARS

Monthly Deposit	1 Year	2 Yrs.	3 Years	4 Years	5 Years	6 Years	7 Years	8 Years	9 Years	10 Years
\$1	12.17	24.34	36.51	50.91	64.60	78.71	93.24	108.22	123.65	139.55
\$2	24.34	48.68	73.28	101.99	129.31	157.56	186.67	216.65	247.53	279.35
\$3	36.51	72.99	110.55	153.03	194.23	236.67	280.38	325.41	371.81	419.61
\$4	48.78	99.01	150.77	204.09	259.03	315.63	373.93	433.98	495.85	559.59
\$5	60.95	123.73	188.41	255.03	323.72	394.44	467.30	542.37	619.70	699.38
\$6	73.14	148.48	226.10	306.06	388.44	473.31	560.74	650.70	749.85	849.43
\$7	85.35	173.27	263.86	357.18	453.32	550.71	650.71	759.54	867.85	979.43
\$8	97.56	198.05	301.59	408.25	518.53	630.76	747.99	868.13	991.92	1119.44
\$9	109.73	222.77	339.22	459.20	582.81	710.15	841.35	976.51	1115.75	1259.19
\$10	121.92	247.51	376.89	510.59	642.53	789.09	934.76	1084.92	1239.61	1398.98
\$11	134.13	272.31	414.66	560.33	712.42	868.08	1028.45	1193.66	1365.87	1539.21
\$12	146.34	297.10	452.57	612.42	777.27	947.09	1122.04	1302.29	1487.99	1679.28
\$13	158.51	321.81	495.05	663.38	841.92	1025.93	1215.42	1410.67	1611.81	1819.03
\$14	170.68	346.51	531.71	714.35	906.62	1104.72	1308.81	1519.06	1735.67	1958.82
\$15	182.91	371.34	565.48	765.48	971.53	1183.80	1402.49	1627.79	1859.89	2099.01
\$16	195.12	396.13	603.22	816.57	1036.36	1262.80	1496.08	1736.42	1984.02	2239.11
\$17	207.29	420.86	640.87	867.53	1101.05	1341.63	1584.47	1838.81	2108.86	2378.86
\$18	219.48	445.58	678.52	918.50	1165.74	1420.45	1682.86	1953.01	2231.64	2514.64
\$19	231.69	470.39	716.30	969.65	1230.66	1499.55	1776.58	2061.97	2355.98	2658.88
\$20	243.91	495.17	754.03	1020.73	1295.48	1578.52	1870.07	2170.56	2480.07	2798.94

Fort Dearborn Trust & Savings Bank

At Clark and Monroe  
Where Savings Accounts Grow

OPEN SATURDAY AND MONDAY EVENINGS UNTIL 8 P. M.



OUR organization is made up of

men trained to be of service to you; that's what we're here for; not simply to sell something. The merchandise is right, we think; if you buy it, and if you think it isn't, right, money cheerfully refunded.

## Suits, overcoats, ulsters •

**\$45**

Highest type of fine clothing  
from Hart Schaffner & Marx

WE can't buy such goods at wholesale today for \$45. These were contracted for a year ago and are just now coming in. They're new, not old stock, fresh from the tailor shops. They do represent an immediate and very positive money saving for you.

Men's suits; high class business styles, in sizes for all figures; new weaves and patterns; all the favored colorings, **\$45**

Men's overcoats in the best models of the season; smooth and rough weaves; dress overcoats, ulsters, raglans; now **\$45**

Young men's smart, lively styles in suits and overcoats; highly individualized late models of the best sort, now **\$45**

"Prep" styles; for big boys. They have the look and spirit of youth, but they're manly looking clothes; now **\$45**

## Suits of exceptional quality

FOR men and young men here are the finest suits, made from the richest of foreign and American fabrics, styled and tailored in the most perfect manner. Tweeds, worsteds, velours, cheviots. Single and double breasted models; all styles,

\$60 \$65 \$70 \$75

## Boys' suits and overcoats, \$25

THEY'RE made by Hart Schaffner & Marx and sold for much more. If you wait until next fall you'll appreciate what a chance we've given you here. Best of all-wool fabrics, tailored in the highest manner; "as good as father's." Reduced now to **\$25**

Good ones, too, at \$18

## Big values in trousers, \$10

SOME thousands of pairs made for us by Hart Schaffner & Marx from short remnants of finest suit fabrics and from handsome striped worsteds. They'll help make that "old suit" do for quite a while longer. **\$10**  
Very fine values,

And at \$8 \$12 \$15 \$18

## Maurice L. Rothschild

Good clothes; nothing else

Southwest corner Jackson and State

Chicago  
Minneapolis  
St. Paul

# The Chicago Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER, JUNE 16, 1920, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

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SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1920.

*Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong.*

—Stephen Decatur.

## THE TRIBUNE'S PLATFORM FOR CHICAGO

- 1—Lessen the Smoke Horror.
- 2—Create a Modern Traffic System.
- 3—Modernize the Water Department.
- 4—Build Wide Roads Into the Country.
- 5—Develop All Railroad Terminals.
- 6—Push the Chicago Plan.
- 7—Rush the South Shore and Ogden Avenue Improvements.

## THE SICK MAN OF THE WHITE HOUSE.

President Wilson, returning from Paris, made his appeal to the people for support against the senate and for the covenant of the league of nations by saying that the United States had given its word and must not fail.

Every person who knows the United States constitution knew that the United States had not given its word and could not give its word until two-thirds of the senate consented. Lord Grey, for the British government, says that it was understood the United States had given no pledges until the senate had given them.

Mr. Wilson said that the United States would break the heart of the world if it did not accept without the change of a word the covenant he had signed in Paris. Lord Grey says that the British are not only quite willing to accept the United States in the league with its reservations but that the British think the United States is right in protecting itself with these reservations. The French government has given the same assurances.

Mr. Wilson thus made two attacks upon the cruelty of the people by whom he was elected president to serve their interests. He called upon the American sense of honor when that honor was not involved: He called upon its humanity for suffering Europe when suffering Europe said that what he wanted was not needed. He asked the United States to make sacrifices of its sovereignty and Europe does not ask that they be made.

An inexplicable leader of this nation, ill in bed for months, unable to consult cabinet ministers or to receive foreign ambassadors, he finds that every reason he has urged for the surrender of American rights is erased by the very peoples in whose behalf he urged the surrender and nothing remains but the indomitable determination to have his way even if he is unable either physically or mentally to explain why he alone in the world wants the United States to impair its rights, amend its constitution and surrender its sovereignty.

The men whom he controls in the senate do not understand either his position or his statements. They do not know why he wants the things he insists they shall obtain. Men of his own party are in rebellion against him, but by the power of his unreasoning "No," unexplained and unjustified, he holds a minority in the senate as an obstacle to the majority. In his sick bed he is more powerful than the Americanism of the majority in the senate, more powerful than the rational leaders in his own party, and more powerful than the statesmen of all who want us to come into the league upon our own terms.

He has succeeded in spreading throughout Europe the idea that the United States is a quitter. He has persuaded un informed people in Great Britain and France that a group of contemptible partisans in the senate prevented the United States from doing what it ought to do for the reestablishment of peace. He has spread the impression that the United States is a selfish, cowardly hold-out.

When wise statesmen use the methods Lord Grey and Lloyd George have used to correct this injurious impression which is ruining the reputation of the United States and impairing its friendships there is resentment at the White House. It is intimated that Lord Grey, the ambassador Mr. Wilson would not receive even to present his credentials and who had to go back home, is guilty of a breach of propriety which will make him unacceptable to the American government.

It is an incredible phenomenon in American history. Mr. Wilson is a combination of Achilles and Ajax, sulking in his tent and defying the lightning. There are no reasons for his attitude. He offers none to defend it. Except for the timorous and bewildered loyalty of a group of Democratic senators to the autocratic "No" from the White House, he has no support.

The people who were misled by grandiloquent phrases and by unspiring criticism of American patriotism are having their eyes opened.

Europe, which is suffering because we do not make peace, tells us that the Lodge reservations are good in principle. We are told we are within our rights. We are told that the league wants us upon the terms Lodge offers.

The world is begging for peace. It cannot have it because an American president who gave Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan everything they wanted will not have peace until the United States gives up rights and powers which make it a free nation and gives them up in spite of the fact that no nation wants the surrender made.

If the senate continues to be paralyzed by this astonishing aberration it will condemn itself as unequal to its duty to the nation, unable to act in its proper function when the chief magistrate cannot and will not.

The senate can give the peace which the United States and the rest of the world wants and must have and then if Mr. Wilson interposes himself something else will have to be done about it and should be done.

## AN HOUR MORE OF DAY.

At least one Chicago industry is going to initiate daylight saving as a particular benefit to its employees. It is very probable that others will follow. And when the movement toward short afternoons attracts the notice of the mass of the workers in offices, shops and factories it is conceivable that daylight saving shall be its own salvation.

We have had two years of daylight saving. Those two summers of pleasant afternoons and long evenings have left an impression upon the dwellers in the city. We think the city folks would hesitate

to work an injustice upon the rural districts by insisting upon a daylight saving rule disadvantageous to farmers. Yet it will be difficult to prove to the city workers that so long as they deliver their full day's work they are unjust to the farmers by disposing their hours in an unusual way.

It should be a matter of unconcern to the farmer if the clerk or the office worker or the skilled craftsman wants to begin an hour earlier in the morning and quit an hour earlier in the afternoon. The main thing is to get the work done.

Some industries are dependent upon others; so that, unless there is agreement between them, daylight saving might be a loss to one of them establishing it alone. Daylight saving to be generally efficient ought to be cooperative throughout all those industries whose activities do not depend upon immutable conditions. This so long as daylight saving is the concern of one community. When the nation shall adopt it again all will be well.

## HANG THE KILLERS.

Gunmen have been made possible in Chicago by political intrigue. Enright has not been the first slayer to go down in this class of protected murderers. So long as political fences of those concerned with the administration of justice are shored up in crime protection and propagation we shall hear of more killings.

Despite Alcock intimates that, while some police may be morally certain of the identity of the slayer of Enright, "evidence is something else." Alcock puts his finger on the sore spot. Of what use to know murderers if they are protected by a criminal code which frowns on testimony in court?

Enright was conspicuous. He was known to have authority which transcended the law. He was known to be opposed in this by others who sought the same immunity. There could not be two Enrights. One had to go. One went.

In the abstract of crooked politics it didn't matter which one remained. Only one could be all powerful. That one, whether Enright or his murderer, was to be the desirable and protected influence. The one that remains will be under the protection of the same intriguing agencies that protected Enright unless he is caught and hanged.

Enright was pardoned after being sentenced to life imprisonment for murder on this report of the pardon board:

"We are of the opinion that Enright is probably innocent of the crime for which he was convicted."

After a fair trial, in which every opportunity was given Enright and in which he was fairly convicted, the judgment of the jury was set aside by a board which had no first hand information and which brushed aside the rights of the people of Cook county with the tolerant phrase "We are of the opinion that Enright is probably innocent."

The mere opinion of the parole board was an offset to the whole machinery of justice; facts, sworn testimony, careful arguments dismissed as of no account.

On such an opinion as this Enright was condemned by Gov. Dunne.

It is time the lives and property of Chicagoans got better protection than such opinions and such pardons.

## Editorial of the Day

### EXECUTIVE NULLIFICATION OF JUDICIAL DECREES.

From the Journal of the American Institute of Criminal Law and Criminology.

A particularly brutal murder occurred in the bar of the Briggs House, Chicago, March 22, 1911, in the shooting of Vincent Altman. For some time the police seemed unable to apprehend the murderer, although at the time the crime was committed there were many people in the room. A shift was made in the governing police officer of the "loop" district, and soon thereafter one Maurice Enright was charged with the murder, arrested, brought to trial and on October 23, 1911, convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment. Enright was business agent for Local 520 of the United Association of Steamfitters, an organization at war with the International Association of Steamfitters. The murder was one incident in several months of fighting between these organizations, during which period slingers and gunmen in automobiles fought in the streets, killing and maiming their own and intimidating and endangering lives of citizens not concerned in their quarrel.

The conviction of Enright was fought bitterly. All the tactics known to clever criminal lawyers were used in his defense and it was deemed necessary during the course of his trial to detail a special guard to protect the person of the public prosecutor. An appeal from the verdict of the jury was taken to the Supreme court, and after reviewing carefully all the evidence offered in the lower court, the judgment was affirmed. On December 16, 1912, about two years after commitment, Enright was granted an unconditional pardon by Governor Dunne. In issuing the pardon, the Governor is reported to have said:

"My attention was directed to the Enright case by Mr. Stevenson, chairman of the pardon board. I considered the board's findings and agree with them completely. For that reason I pardoned Enright. That was the only consideration possible and the reason that affected my action."

The board of pardons made its recommendation to Governor Dunne in a five thousand word statement, containing a private expression of their sentiments. One paragraph of this statement is said to read:

"We are of the opinion that Enright is probably innocent of the crime for which he was convicted, and that in any event the doubt as to his guilt is more than reasonable, and is so weighty of character that executive clemency should be exercised."

The only reason given the public for issuing the pardon are those above stated.

Apparently the time for granting this pardon was carefully selected. The holiday season being the psychological moment, and the issue of a pardon at the same time to a man convicted of a minor offense, and having the sympathy of the populace, seemed to tend to distract attention from his most recent act illustrating the danger to the public of placing the power to set aside the decrees of courts in the hands of a board appointed by a governor or by politics, fear, or sentiment rather than a sense of justice. At any rate the press contained little or no comment further than to furnish sentimental pictures of the joy in Enright's family at his release in time for Christmas, and while no normally constructed being objects to sentiment sometimes governing conduct, in dealing with matters of this sort, sentiment often becomes twaddle, and action based wholly upon sentiment only shows weakness and failure to perform duty.

AUSTRIA reports a failing birth rate. But compared with a falling pound, franc, or mark, a failing birth rate is, as Mr. Toots would remark, of no consequence.

"AERBOD" does not necessarily mean Europe or Asia nowadays. Any place that is not prohibited may be considered abroad.

AT THE White House the letter of Lord Grey is considered a little boner of second childhood.

THE "little group of willful men" has been reduced to one—the author of the phrase, B. L. T.

THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1920.

## A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

How to the Line, let the quips fall where they may.

THE LOST WHEEZE.

Such a wonderful wheeze  
Came to me with a sneeze,  
While in bed gulping hot lemonade;  
I worried and nosed it,  
And at last I composed it,  
And will say it was some passequinade.

THE FLU FLEW.

With its vile retinue  
Of pneumo and other queer cooc,  
And they said I might get up  
If I wouldn't get het up  
And remained under watchful old Doc's eye.

I tried to invoke  
That rib-splitting joke,  
Which I knew all the fans would have haw at;  
But its sine qua non—  
The point—it was gone;

There wasn't a thing left to claw at!

I am told I was raving  
And badly behaving  
When the World's Greatest Wheeze came to birth  
If they're truthful about it—  
And really can't doubt it—  
Then it's me for a maniac's mirth.

P. S. W.

"THE increase in the use of tobacco by women,"

declares the Methodist Board, "is appalling." Is it not?

But so many things are appalling that it would be a relief to everybody if a board, or commission, or other volunteer organization were to act as a shock-absorber. Whenever an appalling situation arises, this group could be appealed for the rest of us. And we, knowing that the board would be properly appealed, would not have to worry.

AND MORNING OPES WITH HASTIE HER LIDS,

From the Ladore, New York.

THE KNOCK-KNOCKS WITH THE PYRAMIDS!

By Dr. W. A. Evans.

Questions pertinent to hygiene, sanitation, and prevention of disease, if

of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will

not permit, or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered,

subject to proper limitations, and where a stamped, addressed envelope is

inclosed, Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or prescribe for individual dis-

cases. Requests for such service cannot be answered.

Copyright: 1920. By Dr. W. A. Evans.

NINE DOUGHNUTS—DAY'S FOOD.

"THE active, healthy child has

usually an extraordinarily good

digestion and needs large

amounts of food. Every effort

should be made to have children some-

what over rather than under weight."

The above statements are used as a

basis for the declaration by Dr. Benedict

that the raids of the child on the pantry

are physiologically sound, and so long as

within bounds should not lead to punishment.

But extra foods between meals,

while not disapproved of for children, are

not recommended for adults unless the

individual will charge himself up with

the number of calories he needs.

And remain under watchful old Doc's eye.

Copyright: 1920. By Dr. W. A. Evans.

How to Keep Well.

By Dr. W. A. Evans.

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## "I Simply CAN'T Let Him Outgrow Me"

She lives in a little house in a suburb of New York and makes that house a home.

He, too, lives in the little house for a part of his life; but the rest of it is spent in an office in the city.

All sorts of men ride with him on the suburban trains, or visit him in his office, or meet him for luncheon at his club.

His life is full of stimulating contacts. Every day brings him new experiences that mean larger growth and more assurance. He is a far bigger man today than he was last year, and ten times bigger than when they were married ten years ago.

And she?

Her life, too, is filled full; but the experiences that come to her are neither so various nor so stimulating.

There are the older children who must be hurried off to school each morning. There is the baby to be bathed and put to sleep. There are meals to be planned, and bills to be paid.

So, day after day slips by with hardly a spare moment. Happy days—she would not change them if she could! Only a single cloud crosses the horizon of her happiness.

In the evening sometimes when they sit on their little front porch, and he tells her of the experiences of the day, of the men he has met and the topics he has discussed, of the problems he has solved—problems that a few years ago would have been far too large for him—at such moments the cloud is there.

No such experiences have come to her that day. The problems that he and his friends discuss are strange and far away. She had meant to know more about them, but there was no time.

"Suppose he should outgrow me," she says to herself. "Suppose that ten years from now should find him bigger, broader, abler because of his experiences, and me, no longer his mental companion, merely the mother of his children."

The thought causes her lips to close a little more tightly.

"Somehow I must find a way to keep my thought and interest constantly fresh, constantly expanding, step by step with his. *I simply can't let him outgrow me.*"

How many million women in America have been troubled by that thought? How many of them have felt a vague resentment at the conditions of modern life, which make mental growth so easy for men and so frequently difficult for women?

How many couples have set forth into life with every thought and interest in common, only to find themselves at the end of ten or twenty years living in wholly different mental worlds?

No one can know the answer to this question. But this one thing is sure—at least a million American women have faced this difficulty frankly and have conquered it.

They have put definitely behind them any fear that their husbands or their children will outgrow them.

Other women frequently wonder at their breadth of information.

Does the conversation turn to the industrial unrest that permeates every part of our country? These alert women have a clear knowledge of its causes and effects. They are familiar with unique and sensible plans to reduce the cost of living.

The League of Nations, with its many-sided possibilities, is not a closed book to them.

They are quite at ease in their knowledge of international affairs. They have a clear understanding of our relations with Great Britain, with Japan, and the other great nations of the earth. They see Ireland's struggle for freedom in its true light.

They know how and why Bolshevism is seeking a foothold here in America.

The latest developments in the fields of invention and science are not unknown to these modern women, while the great personalities who are doing the big things in the world are something more than mere flesh and bones to them.

If the talk veers to the lighter side of life—the best of the season's plays and operas; the inspiring gems of modern verse; the best and most talked about books—they are equally at home. In fact, these far-seeing women have a well-rounded knowledge of the great developments of life the world over. *They keep up with the times!*

Men find their conversation stimulating; their children turn to them confidently, knowing that on the subject which has that day been discussed in school—perhaps some current problem of great importance—mother can be of help.

For school children these days are coming more and more into contact with the world about them. Two hundred and fifty thousand boys and girls in ten thousand high schools are studying current events with THE LITERARY DIGEST as a text.

"Who are these extraordinary women?" you ask. "How can they, with the multitude of personal responsibilities, find time to be so well informed?"

The answer is very simple. They have learned the secret of the modern world—that the highest achievement is possible only to those who employ trained help to do for them the things they can not accomplish for themselves.

And so, they let our organization of specialists labor constantly for their benefit. Every week 4,000 newspapers, and magazines, and books, representing every land and language, are read by this organization and then by direct translation, or reprint, or in digest form *all phases* of the important news of the world contained in them are presented by striking articles in THE LITERARY DIGEST. Through the magic of its pages the world, with all its throbbing interests and personalities, is carried to men and women in a million homes. And a couple of hours' reading weekly is all the time required to absorb this feast!

There is room for another million women in this chosen company and admittance is easy. Commence reading THE DIGEST this week!

"Tis a  
Mark of  
Distinction to  
Be a Reader of  
The Literary  
Digest

# The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

For a  
Single Dime  
at the  
News-Stands  
Each Week

## HULL TO OPPOSE CUTTING COOK'S ASSEMBLY VOTE

Urges Chicago to Guard Representation.

By OSCAR E HEWITT.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 6.—[Special.]—The most difficult chairmanship on the entire constitutional convention was handed to Morton D. Hull, who heads the committee on Chicago and Cook county. He is to be the big factor in solving Chicago's problems so far as a constitution can do it. To get information and advice, his committee will hold a public hearing in Chicago next Friday and Saturday in the city hall.

Hull Outlines Views.

Mr. Hull has outlined his view of his task exclusively for THE TRIBUNE, as follows:

"Personal conversations with delegates to the convention from districts outside of Cook county indicate a purpose on the part of many of these members to put a limitation upon Chicago's representation in the legislature. An explanation of this attitude must be found in the fact of the growth of population since 1870. In the forty years that have intervened between the adoption of the constitution of 1870 and the census of 1910, the population of Cook county increased from approximately 249,000 to 2,400,000, while the population of the rest of the state had increased from 2,190,000 to 3,238,000.

"In the redistricting of the state into senatorial districts that followed the convention of 1870, Cook county was given seven out of fifty-nine districts. Following the census of 1880 and 1890 and 1900 the state was redistricted, and in each instance Cook county, in accordance with its growth in population, was given additional representation in the legislature at the expense of the rest of the state. In 1900 Cook county was given nineteen districts and the rest of the state was reduced from the forty-four districts of 1872 to thirty-two districts.

Redistribution Refused.

"Following the decennial census of 1910 five sessions of the legislature have consistently refused to reparation the state into senatorial districts, although the provisions of the constitution are mandatory on that subject. This attitude has seemed to reflect a fixed purpose on the part of the people living outside of Cook county that Cook county never shall have any larger proportionate representation in the legislature. The attitude of some of the delegates seems to reflect the same purpose.

"Under these circumstances it becomes a matter of grave concern to the people of Chicago and Cook county and to the delegates representing them in the convention to see that the provisions of the constitution which affect their local governments are adequate. The public hearings to be held in Chicago should therefore have more than ordinary interest.

Problems of Committee.

"The problems which the committee are considering and which should be discussed are:

"A provision should the constitution contain for the consolidation of the local taxing bodies of Chicago and Cook county.

"Shall the constitution make direct provision for home rule for Chicago (or for any local government that may be the outcome of provision No. 1) or shall the constitutional provision for home rule delegate the detailed provisions of the question to the legislature?

"If the constitution is to make direct provision for home rule, how far shall such provision go?"

Three Informing Books

# 3

How to Write Poetry

By ETHEL M. COLSON

Tells a great many things a student of the art of poetry should know. Sets forth the fundamental rules which govern the production of poetry. Shows by example and analysis what constitutes good poetry and how to judge it. A timely and much-needed book. Price \$1.25.

National Evolution

By PROF. GEO. R. DAVIES

Do world wars and Bolshevik movements just happen, or are these disturbing events the logical results of certain causes? What is the trend of human society as revealed by past history? To these similar questions Sociology is able to give measures to make answer from its accumulated knowledge. This knowledge, of which a brief account is to be found in this volume, is of the utmost value in arousing devotion to the ideals of democracy and in throwing light upon the problem of the realization of these ideals. Price \$0.75.

The Monroe Doctrine and the Great War

By PROF. A. B. HALL

There is a close connection between the Great War and the Monroe Doctrine. Our isolation from European difficulties is no longer a fact. We are a part of the world and are compelled to carry a share of its burdens. This doctrine has been a great feature of American diplomatic history for a century. In the minds of many, a league of nations means the giving up of this historic policy, but Professor Hall shows that it is essentially akin to the policy laid down in the covenant. Price \$0.75.

Published by

A. C. MCCLURG & CO.

## POCKETS FILLING, U. S. GRINS AGAIN AT PEACE DEBTS

### Nearly 3 Billion to Be Paid by Taxes.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—Closing of subscriptions to the last series of certificates of indebtedness tonight concluded the treasury's program of financing immediate post-war demands of the nation.

This operation started last September and was designed to avoid the flotation of another popular loan.

Approximately \$25,000,000,000 in lib-

erty bonds and victory notes now out-

standing will be retired under the sink-

ing operation of the war loan and a new one.

There are treasury certificates of in-

debtedness aggregating about \$230,

704,000 outstanding in anticipation of

the payment of income and excess

profits tax installments which, by every

estimate available, will exceed the dis-

bursment to meet the certificates as they

have matured, avoiding further issues

of short term paper.

Mature With Tax Payment.

The certificate issues on which sub-

scriptions closed tonight bear dates of

Feb. 2 and will mature March 14, co-

incident with the first tax installment

payment. While reports as to the

sales were not fully complete tonight,

Secretary Houston said they exceeded

\$200,000,000.

"This brings to a successful conclu-

sion" Secretory Houston said, "the

very interesting and important opera-

tion initiated last September to finance

the balance of the war debt in such a

way as to avoid the necessity of great

fundraising operations, by spreading ma-

teries and meeting them, so far as may

be, out of tax receipts and sal-

varies wholly of tax certificates now

outstanding.

Excluding Pittman act and special

certificates held by federal reserve

banks, there were 100,000,000 certificates

and about \$105,000,000 certificates ma-

turing this month (payment of which

has already been provided) for the un-

funded debt of the government now

upon last year's business.

The aggregate amount of tax cer-

tificates now outstanding is approxi-

mately \$2,950,704,500, of which over

\$842,000,000 mature and will be paid

on March 15, 1920, and the rest of the income

and profits tax installment payable to

the government on that date.

"The current deficit, excess of dis-

bursment over receipts (exclusive of

the principal of the public debt) for the

month of January, 1920, amounted to

only \$92,955,669.77, the lowest figure

since March, 1917 (excluding months in

which income and profits tax installments

were paid), while the current surpluses

(excess of receipts over disbursements)

for the preceding month of December

amounted to \$600,230,

932.61, the highest figure in the history

of the government, with the excep-

tion of June, 1918.

Good Surplus Likely.

"In that month a whole year's in-

come and profits taxes were payable. There is every reason to expect that

the current surplus of March, June,

September, and December, 1920, will

largely exceed the current deficit of

the other eight months, if Congress ad-

heres to a rigid policy of economy in

governmental expenditure."

LECTURE AT EVANSTON U. CLUB.

Director Edwin B. Frost of the Yokes

Observatory at Lake Geneva, Wis., will address

the University of Evanston tonight on

"The World War in the Light of Recent Researches."

Photographs taken last May during the solar

eclipse will be exhibited.

"If the constitution is to make di-

rect provision for home rule, how far

shall such provision go?"

Books on Psychic Phenomena

The work of psychical research has carried

forward during the last ten or fifteen years to the

point where today it engages the attention of

leading scientists, psychologists, and investigators.

The possibility of communication with the dead,

the question of survival—these are topics which are

agitating the whole thinking world. A mass of

valuable and fascinating evidence has been col-

lected. In the following list the reader will find

books by the ablest writers on the subject. The

visit of Sir Oliver Lodge to this country at the

present time gives fresh impetus to an inquiry of

universal interest.

RAYMOND, or Life and Death. Net, \$2.50

Sir Oliver Lodge

THE VITAL MESSAGE. Net, \$1.25

Sir A. Conan Doyle Net, \$1.25

LIFE AND DESTINY. Net, \$2.00

Translated by Eila Wheeler Wilcox

Leon Denis

THE NEW REVELATION. Net, \$1.25

Sir A. Conan Doyle Net, \$1.25

THE WORLDS AND I. Illustrated. Net, \$3.50

Mrs. MARDEN

Net, \$1.75

Robert Hichens

GEORGE H. DORAN COMPANY Publishers New York

Which man was Sir Everard Dominey and which was the Baron von Ragastein?

Their remarkable resemblance is the basis of

THE BEST NOVEL OPPENHEIM EVER WROTE

THE GREAT IMPERSONATION.

E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM has written

many novels dealing with international

intrigue, but in "The Great Impersonation" he has surpassed himself. It is

a happy blend of love, mystery and

espionage.

\$1.75 net. At all bookstores

LITTLE, BROWN & COMPANY, Publishers, BOSTON

## DRAKE ITEMIZES INFLUENZA IN 16 ILLINOIS CITIES

### State Health Director Submits Figures.

(By A. STAFF CORRESPONDENT.)

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 6.—[Special.]

Dr. C. St. Clair Drake, state health director, today predicted trouble for the south central and southern parts of the state.

There are treasury certificates of in-

debtedness aggregating about \$230,

704,000 outstanding in anticipation of

</







**Prescription:**  
Try Education for  
Lack of Charity

**"THE BEGGAR PRINCE."**  
Produced by Haworth.  
Presented at outlying theaters.

**THE CAST.**  
The Prince ..... Georges Hayakawa  
Duke the Tutor ..... Georges Hayakawa  
Gilda ..... Beatrice La Plante  
Hadley ..... Thelma Percy  
Grand Vizier ..... Bert Hadley  
Bunks ..... Robert Borden  
Noddy ..... Joseph Swickard  
The Murderer ..... Buddy Post

By Mae Tinée.

There's a lot of uncharitable in the world, of course. But a lot of it is due to ignorance. We haven't the gift of putting ourselves in the other fellow's place. We don't seem to tend to show us how he feels. Perhaps if a wise fate were to reverse positions in this world for a short time—as happened in the case of the prince of this picture—we might swing back into place kinder, because wiser.

"The Beggar Prince" is pleasing allegory—the story of a prince who had from infancy been taught that the world was his, and that he controlled the waters.

"Your majesty," his truckling retainers would whisper, "it is time for the sea to retire."

Whereat the prince, in all his glory, would step out on his terrace, say "Sea, retire!" and the tide would go out.

The court astrologer for a long time was hard put to convince him that the moon was his. But at last he hit on a total eclipse of the sun.

"The moon will obey your voice and put out its light," said the astrologer to the prince. And the moon did. After that, then—"My moon, my sea, my sun"—for did not daylight come when the prince commanded?

Near by lived Niki, the fisherman, who, to introduce the vulgar into the allegory, was a dead ringer for the prince.

The prince one day seized a maiden whom Niki loves. After the battle Niki won the dragon's roles and the dragon finds himself in tattered garments occupying a hovel.

So positions are reversed—but the time comes when the prince, a wiser and better man, regains his throne, having learned from Niki and Niki's kind how royalty should treat the common people.

The picture is beautifully put on and costumed and there is no fault to be found with the acting. With its nicely pointed moral it should delight the up-keepers, and there is no reason why anybody's child should not be allowed to see it.

**A Friend in Need**  
Sally Joy Brown

## Patterns by Clotilde

### Tribune Cook Book

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

#### Roast Shoulder of Lamb.

This blouse closes on the shoulders and will make up well in any material desired.

The pattern, 9529, comes in sizes 36 to 44 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 or 44 inch material and 3/4 yard of lining 27 inches wide.



#### Order Blank for Clotilde Patterns.

CLOTILDE, DAILY TRIBUNE,  
CHICAGO.

Inclosed find \$..... Please send me the Clotilde patterns listed below: Size: Price.

Name:.....

Street:.....

City:.....

State:.....

#### How to Order Clotilde Patterns.

Write your name and address plainly on dotted lines, giving number and size of each pattern you want. Inclose 12 cents in stamps or coin (wrap coins carefully) for each number, and address your order to Clotilde, CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE, Chicago.

Note: Clotilde patterns are made in New York exclusively for THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE. They are perfect in fit, up to date in style, and the easiest of all patterns to use.

#### Greetings from Everybody.

It was the day before Christmas moment. My friends played a joke on me. We were all through work the day when some one pinned a sign on my overcoat reading, "I wish you had more Christmas." I walked half way through the downtown district before I discovered the prank played on me.

R. J. W.

#### Mid-Winter Picnic.

Members of the Young People's society of St. Andrews' church, Twenty-eighth street and Karlov avenue, will give a midwinter picnic next Wednesday night. Miss Doris Yost and the St. Andrews quartet will sing.

#### Too Cold for the Butcher.

One day in midwinter, I entered a butcher shop. After looking around the counter for some time, I said to the butcher, "I see you haven't any brains." He immediately replied, "No, if I had I wouldn't be here; I'd be down south where it's warm." S. C. J.

R. J. W.

#### Playhouse.

Michigan Avenue at A. G. SPENCER  
LAST DAY—  
MARY PICKFORD  
in her latest picture  
"POLLYANA"  
Marion McRae's Interpretative Dance

R. J. W.

#### Band Box.

MADISON STREET NEAR LA SALLE  
"THE AMAZING WOMAN"  
Featuring Will CLIFFORD

R. J. W.

#### Howard.

N. W. "L" STA. AT HOWARD  
ALICE JOYCE  
"Slaves of Pride"  
GERALD VAUDEVILLE  
News Specialistic Comedy  
Spanish Solo—Vocal—Vid. Movie  
JACQUETE REAGAN & CO.  
ORCHESTRA OF 20  
Biggest Children, Adults 25c  
Tomorrow—VIOLA DANA  
"The Willow Tree"

R. J. W.

#### Castile.

STATE AT MADISON ST.  
MADGE KENNEDY  
"THE BLOOMING ANGEL"

R. J. W.

#### Regent.

211 SHERIDAN ROAD  
BILLIE BURKE "WANTED"  
"THE THIRD GENERATION"  
Coming Monday—"The Third Generation"

R. J. W.

#### Buckingham.

211 N. CLARK STREET  
ALICE JOYCE  
in a Special Seven Reel Production  
"Slaves of Pride"  
Our Usual Interesting Short Subjects  
David Rosenwein's Orchestra

R. J. W.

#### Keystone.

2015 SHERIDAN ROAD  
BILLIE BURKE "WANTED"  
"THE THIRD GENERATION"  
Coming Monday—"The Third Generation"

R. J. W.

#### Dearborn.

60 W. DIVISION STREET  
ELAINE HAMMERSTEIN  
"THE CO-RESPONDENT"

R. J. W.

#### Castile.

STATE AT MADISON ST.  
MADGE KENNEDY  
"THE BLOOMING ANGEL"

R. J. W.

#### State-Lake.

VAUDEVILLE  
PHOTPLAYS  
EXCLUSIVE SHOWING  
BESSIE BARRISCALE  
in "The Luck of Geraldine Laird"  
Showing at 11:30 a. m., 5 p. m., 7:30 p. m.

R. J. W.

#### Rose.

211 N. CLARK STREET  
BERT LYTELL  
"Right of Way"  
ALSO  
MACK BENNETT COMEDY  
"The Star Boarder"

R. J. W.

#### Alcazar.

60 W. MADISON ST.  
WILLIAM RUSSELL  
"The Valley of Tomorrow"

R. J. W.

#### Biograph.

313 LINCOLN AVE.  
CONSTANCE BINNEY  
"Erstwhile Susan"

R. J. W.

#### Vitagraph.

313 LINCOLN AVE.  
CONSTANCE BINNEY  
"Erstwhile Susan"

R. J. W.

#### Pershing.

LINCOLN AVENUE  
BRYANT WASHBURN, "The Jack Johnson"

R. J. W.

#### Knickerbocker.

607 BROADWAY  
VIOLA DANA, "Willie Tree"

R. J. W.

#### Lakeside.

SHERIDAN ROAD AT  
ELAINE HAMMERSTEIN, "The Salt Goat"

R. J. W.

#### Lane Court.

Clark and Estes  
HARRY MORSE, "Birth of a Soul"

R. J. W.

#### Ellanee.

DEVON AT CLARK  
All Star Cast—"THE 3RD GENERATION"

R. J. W.

## THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1920.

### Bright Sayings of the Children

### TEST YOUR SEED

BY FRANK RIDGWAY.

The Tribune will pay \$1 for each child's saying printed. The story told must be true, and the saying may be in some way to save the waste which goes on in our food stores. I see enough to make me believe it is colossal. It seems to me it might be done without any greater infringement of personal rights than many of our present day regulations bring. It is still excited because a butcher told my scout that lamb stew meat, which most butchers count the shoulder as well as the neck, was being thrown away.

A recipe for pot roasting the shoulder is printed in this column more than once. But if you just buy it without saying what you are going to do with it, the butcher will spoil it for you. Do not let him back it in any way. It needs to be boned. Directions for this have been given here but perhaps some from meat headquarters will help. These say:

"Boning and rolling the shoulder makes a tasty as well as an attractive roast, and people are gradually becoming aware of this fact. A boned shoulder roast is made by lifting the shoulder blade after the humerus has been removed and taking out the neck vertebrae, the skin points being turned in and the whole rolled into a neat and appetizing package. It is held by small twine or skewers, and can be roasted whole or cut in Saratoga chops."

"Saratoga chops" are new to me. To pot roast a boned shoulder I try out three tablespoons of pork fat, brown the shoulder which has been rolled in seasoned flour in that fat, stir a cup or two of vegetables in the fat after that, adding a tablespoon or two of sugar, put all in and add liquid enough to baste meat every fifteen minutes. This is the recipe in brief. The detailed work should be careful.

Seed should be carefully cleaned to avoid planting mold or immature seeds. The large seeds, such as beans and peas, are easily cleaned, but small seed like the radish are often difficult to separate from foreign material.

After the seeds are carefully cleaned a germination test should be made. The skillful gardener in preparing the soil attempts to approach as closely as possible the ideal conditions for the germination of seed, which include the proper amount of moisture, heat, and air. These same factors should be remembered in testing seed.

A simple test sufficiently accurate to answer all practical purposes can be made in a few minutes in the hour during cold weather. No expense for equipment is necessary. The test can be made by placing ten large seeds or fifty small seed between two moist squares of canton flannel or of blotter. The seeds should be placed so they will not touch. The cloth must be kept damp, but an excess of moisture should be avoided or the seed will rot. Keep the tester in a room where the temperature is 70 degrees Fahrenheit or more. Keep the cloth or blotter in a tray or dinner plate.

Helen's Uncle George is 6 feet tall, and Helen is chubby and short, even for 3 years. One day they were out walking together.

"Aren't we having a nice walk?" asked Uncle George.

"Havin' a nice walk," echoed Helen. "Uncle George walkin' along upstairs—Helen walkin' along downstairs."

M. J. C.

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"Aren't we having a nice walk?" asked Uncle George.

"Havin' a nice walk," echoed Helen. "Uncle George walkin' along upstairs—Helen walkin' along downstairs."

M. M. A.

Jules had been spending a few months with her parents on a trip. They struck a rainy season in one part, and when her teacher asked her upon her return whether she enjoyed her vacation, she answered: "I had a pretty good time, but I'm so glad to get back where there isn't so much weather."

Examine the tester each day, add water when needed, and within five or six days the seed should germinate. In this way the percentage of live seed can be determined. If the percentage is low, the rate of seeding at planting must be increased.

The best plan is to place the cloth in one plate and place another plate on top, allowing the corners of the cloth to extend far enough so the rims of the plates will not touch and the seeds will have plenty of air, otherwise they will not germinate.

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# SOCIETY and Entertainments

## Republicans' Dance to Bring 'Gold Coast' and 'Sands' Together

Residents of the "gold coast" and the "sands" will rub elbows on St. Valentine's night at a dancing party and reception in the crystal ballroom of the Parkway hotel, under auspices of the Twenty-first Ward Republican club. Among the prominent residents of the ward who have signed their names to the invitation are: Mr. and Mrs. Kel-McCormick, Charles and Pauline; Mr. and Mrs. H. Hamill; Mr. and Mrs. George Mr. and Mrs. Robert D. Dixon; Mr. and Mrs. Fred McCormick; Mr. and Mrs. Fred John Burns; Mr. and Mrs. Alexander R. Howell; Charles Funk; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Schomacker; Steve "Fat" Badigan; Mr. and Mrs. John "Pete" Badigan; Mr. and Mrs. Frank "Pete" Nanni; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kresmer; Mr. and Mrs. Bertini.

Keeping step with the smartest hats on the boulevards, Mrs. Frederick H. Rawson and her committee at the White Elephant shop at 27 East Ohio street announce the millinery show is now equipped and open for the spring season.

Hundreds of attractive and reasonable hats have been revamped or made entirely under Mrs. Rawson's direction. At the opening Wednesday a neat sum was realized for the Children's Memorial Hospital.

An interesting collection of teapots which Mr. Charles J. Barnes collected in the east is on view in the art room of the shop, and comprises all sorts and conditions of the little "brewers," from Satsuma to Nipon.

As a rendezvous at luncheon time the Arts club continues to gain in popularity. Almost every day there are numerous jolly little parties there. Yesterday there was a particularly happy and smart crowd.

Among the guests were Mrs. G. Coleman, Mrs. Kellogg Fairbank, Harold F. McCormick, Mrs. Alden B. Swift, Mrs. Edw. D. F. Swift Jr., Mrs. Austin H. Niblock, Mrs. Huntington B. Henry, Mrs. John Marshall Clark, Mrs. Edgar Lee Masters, and Mrs. Robert E. Gregory.

Todd, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard A. Doolittle will entertain a party at lunch for Mrs. Grace Parker Hieston of New York. Their guests will include Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher Dobyns, Mr. and Mrs. Frederic W. Upham, Mr. and Mrs. James Offield, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Knorr, Miss Alice Voight, and Eames MacVeagh.

Next Thursday a luncheon for Hec-  
tor MacQuarrie will be given at the club at 12 o'clock. Mr. MacQuarrie will speak on "Tahiti Days in the South Seas Islands."

Miss Lolita Ogden Armour, chairman of the program for the fifty-first annual convention of the National American Woman Suffrage association, which opens here next Friday, has post-  
poned her departure for a conference at the hotel to help at the opening session of the convention. Miss Armour is assisted by members of the Service club, of which she is president. The captain will be Miss Elizabeth Mar-  
tin, Miss Edna Dixon, Mrs. Philip Wrigley, Mrs. Charles Conrad, Miss Florence Martin, Mrs. T. Philip Swift, and Miss Louise Thorne.

Miss Helen V. Drake will give a tea  
party at 4 o'clock in the English  
room of the Blackstone for her guest,  
Miss Elizabeth Frewin Risser of Rome,  
Italy, and Mrs. Arthur Fred MacAr-  
thur of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin P. Smith and  
family to Beach South, Michigan av-  
oided the cold weather. Upon their return  
they will open their Lake Forest resi-  
dence, "Clover Neck," for the summer.  
Mr. and Mrs. Carter H. Harrison have  
gone to California, for the balance  
of the winter.

Dr. and Mrs. Edward Wyllies An-  
drews and their daughter, Eleanor, of  
1235 Astor street, are cruising along  
the coast of Florida. They will re-  
turn to Chicago March 1.

\*\* \*



MISS CLAUDINE VAN CLEVE  
PHOTO BY TOLLOFF

Announcement was made recent-  
ly of the engagement of Miss  
Claudine Van Cleave, daughter of  
Mr. and Mrs. George Walter Van  
Cleave of 1456 Edgewater avenue,  
to Frank Marion Mason Jr., son of  
Dr. and Mrs. Frank M. Mason of  
Danville.

## Takes Dad's Advice, Weds Without Frills

Miss Dorothy Du Brock, 725 Irving Park boulevard, had long heard her father, Hugo Du Brock, president of Hugo Du Brock & Co., tell her that when she wanted to get married "to go out and do it without saying a word to him about it." Her dad always said she didn't want to be bothered with timid young men asking for Dorothy's hand.

Well, last Thursday Dorothy went out with Fred Echart, an accountant, and they got married. She called up her dad and told him about it.

Dorothy first gained publicity in 1916, when she tried to enlist in the air service. Of course, she was rejected, but she entered the War Camp and Red Cross service. She has known her husband about six years.

"A fine young man," said Mr. Du Brock last night.

## National Meeting of Women Lawyers

A conference on the unification of laws concerning women—the first national gathering of women lawyers in the United States—will be held at the Hotel La Salle next Thursday by the Illinois Women's Bar association. This will be one of a series of conferences which will mark the opening day of the national women's suffrage conven-  
tion. Miss Armour is assisted by members of the Service club, of which she is president. The captain will be Miss Elizabeth Mar-  
tin, Miss Edna Dixon, Mrs. Philip Wrigley, Mrs. Charles Conrad, Miss Florence Martin, Mrs. T. Philip Swift, and Miss Louise Thorne.

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## AMUSEMENTS

### Orchestra Concert Is Featured by Two 'First Performances'

BY W. L. HUBBARD.

Two "first performances" in the program of the Chicago orchestra concert in Orchestra hall yesterday. Both were picture suites, and both were well done. The pictures that illustrated were definite enough to make easy comprehension of the music's import and the modernity was not of the acid, ugly variety that renders listening a torment to average ear drums.

The two compositions were suites, one from the muted drama or ballet by the French composer, Florent Schmitt, entitled "The Tragedy of Salomé," and the other from the opera by the Russian, Rimsky-Korsakow, "The Golden Cockerel." Both proved exceptionally interesting and uncommonly attractive.

Especially effective and impressive was the Schmitt number. About all the modern orchestra can do technically has been called into service, but through it all and above it all there is strong, clearly defined dramatic intent expressed through tonal combinations that possess grandeur, awesomeness, and beauty. There is the same "solid" feel to the music that is found in the works of Wagner. The music which is dramatic is largely illustrative, perhaps, but which nevertheless has, even in its heaviest climaxes and its most daring effects, tonal sonority and tonal combinations that impress rather with beauty than with their might or their unusualness. It is modern music, but still beautiful music. And such is the work that is apt to last.

Especially compelling and admirable is "The Enchantment of the Sea," with its soft coloring and its brief, skillful suggestion of hidden, long-gone happenings, and its promulgation of tragedy impending, and the close of "The Dance of Fear," which contains climaxes verily awesome and terrifying.

"The Golden Cockerel" is more gracious music. It is orientalism of the most approved kind, languorous, dreamy, sensuous. It is filled with tangled, twisting, tenuous lines of tone that are as delicate as they are afterward having the memory to be caught and retained.

Mr. Stock and his men gave a performance of the two works which calls for only highest and most unqualified approval.

The soloist of the afternoon, was Mabel Garrison, the American girl who is today at the head of the Metropolitan Opera as first coloratura soprano.

The voice is a wondrously lovely one, pure, true, and possessing no inconsiderable warmth. And the use of it was that of the artist who knows and is sure.

"Fine—good luck," comes all he said.

Dorothy first gained publicity in 1916, when she tried to enlist in the air service. Of course, she was rejected, but she entered the War Camp and Red Cross service. She has known her husband about six years.

"A fine young man," said Mr. Du Brock last night.

\*\* \*

## Trip to Panama for N. W. U. Glee Club

The Glee club of Northwestern university will leave on March 20 for a trip to Panama, for a series of concerts in the Canal Zone. Loren M. Jenkins, the manager, announced the trip yesterday. The government will pay the expenses of sixteen men from New York to the isthmus and return. A concert will be given in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklyn P. Smith and family to Beach South, Michigan av-  
oided the cold weather. Upon their return  
they will open their Lake Forest resi-  
dence, "Clover Neck," for the summer.  
Mr. and Mrs. Carter H. Harrison have  
gone to California, for the balance  
of the winter.

Dr. and Mrs. Edward Wyllies An-  
drews and their daughter, Eleanor, of  
1235 Astor street, are cruising along  
the coast of Florida. They will re-  
turn to Chicago March 1.

\*\* \*

## ANNOUNCEMENTS

The annual breakfast and matinee party of the Sunbeam league will be held today. Breakfast will be served at 12 o'clock at the Hotel La Salle and members will attend "A Voice in the Dark" at Wood's theater.

Theta Sigma Phi sorority will hold its February grand council meeting today at 1:30 o'clock at the Hotel La Salle. Cards and tea will follow the business meeting.

\*\* \*

The Chicago Alumni association of Albion college will give a luncheon today at 12:30 o'clock at the Terrace gardens.

At the dinner of the Society of Mid-  
land Authors at the Quadrangle club  
tonight Mrs. Margaret Hill McCarter  
will be the guest of honor. The  
Dr. John Donald MacLaughlin  
of Topeka, Kas., and Miss Lilly A. Long  
in "Politics" and Miss Edna Dixon, Mrs.  
and Mrs. Fredrick W. Upham, and  
Miss Louise Thorne.

Miss Helen V. Drake will give a tea  
party at 4 o'clock in the English  
room of the Blackstone for her guest,  
Miss Elizabeth Frewin Risser of Rome,  
Italy, and Mrs. Arthur Fred MacAr-  
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## WEDDING

Announcement is made of the mar-  
riage last Wednesday of Miss Edna Dixon,  
Mrs. McCauley to Dr. Clarence Rutherford.

The service was read by the  
Dr. John Donald MacLaughlin  
of Topeka, Kas., and Miss Lilly A. Long  
in "Politics" and Miss Edna Dixon, Mrs.  
and Mrs. Fredrick W. Upham, and  
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turn to Chicago March 1.

\*\* \*

## NEW YORK SOCIETY

New York, Feb. 6.—(Special)—A  
luncheon will be given at the Hotel  
Madison Saturday afternoon.

Miss Dorothy Du Brock, 725 Irving  
Park boulevard, will be the guest of  
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# A \$52,500,000 Order Soon to Be Placed

By Farmers of America for Electric Lighting Equipment  
—Electric Washers—Electric Irons—Electric Fans—Electric  
Percolators and Toasters—Vacuum Cleaners—and for  
Water Systems—Plumbing—Toilets—Bath Tubs—Modern  
Kitchen and Laundry Equipment—and for Home Heating  
Systems—Air, Water and Steam

The estimate of \$52,500,000 is the *minimum* that will be spent in 1920 by farm homes for this equipment, according to careful statisticians.

The total outlay is based on manufacturers' prices. *Only one per cent* of the Farm Homes of America would have to put in these improvements to exceed this figure.

## The order for 1920 is likely to go away above this figure

As a matter of fact, the farm homes are being modernized at a much more rapid rate.

In 1918, the number of sales of home electric lighting outfits to farms was estimated at 100,000, and of home water systems, 60,000. Sales of furnaces was put at a much higher total. Figures for 1919 will be greatly in excess of these.

A recent investigation by one company manufacturing electrical equipment revealed that their installations alone were supplying light, power and heat in 75,000 farm homes.

## The richest and most rapidly increasing market

The income of the farm population for 1919 is placed at \$25,000,000,000.

This wealth easily provides the means for making the farm home the equal of the city home in luxury as well as convenience.

But another important fact insures this rich and responsive market permanence and an enormous increase every year. Two-thirds of the farm families own their own homes.

They have an incentive for adding comforts, luxuries and beauty to their homes which the two-thirds of the city population that rent can never realize.

## There was a manufacturer who did not court farm trade

It would not be fair to name him or his line, because he probably was not alone.

He thought farm people would not buy his goods because they were too high priced. His market he asserted was in cities exclusively.

Men who have made research in the Farm Market a life work advised him differently. But he was unconvinced.

Finally he consented to go on a tour of investigation. Typically agricultural territory was chosen. Imagine his astonishment to be told by retail dealers that his line was *too cheap* for the farm trade!

## Farm people buy the best but they buy thoughtfully

Of course this market also means men's, women's and children's clothes—shoes—food products—furniture—rugs—musical instruments—jewelry—everything.

No manufacturer need fear to go to the farm market because his goods are high priced—if they are worth the price.

No market has a more intelligent appreciation of Quality. Farm people are analytical—deliberative. Consult the farm press. In these journals, so long and so intimately related to their audience, you will find the character of farm people as buyers accurately reflected.

Farm people buy everything that city people buy—and we have no hesitancy in saying they buy with better judgment as a whole.

## To advertisers who would lead in gaining this market

Pre-eminent above all other mediums in the interest and confidence of the farm population is the farm paper.

No other class of mediums speak to this market with such authority.

Farm people read all classes of publications but they are *guided* by the press whose whole concern is their business, their industry, their home and community life.

The Farm papers of America are as ably edited, as varied in interest and as virile as any class of publications with which you may compare them.

## The most economical appeal to any market you desire

National advertisers are appreciating these facts as never before. Go through the farm papers and note the company with which they introduce your goods to the prosperous, discriminating farm people.

You can make combinations of farm papers for a nation-wide campaign, or you can pick any group of states or even one state and cultivate it intensively.

If you have not investigated you will be astonished at the economy with which the farm papers lay these markets before you.

This great stable and growing market in these times is the prize of all commerce. Plans are now making by keen, alert advertisers to contest it as never before. It goes without saying that the first to enter will reap the largest benefits.

Investigate your opportunity. Full information will be furnished gladly by your advertising agency or any farm paper.

# The Leading Farm Papers of America

**BASIC PRICES OF  
FOOD DROP, BUT  
HI COST STANDS**

Packers Report That Pork  
Can't Be Sold.

Wholesale prices of some food commodities dropped a bit further yesterday. But "ultimate consumer" found small reason for shaking his skepticism. Before believing that the drop in foreign exchange will make HI Cost the "shrimpy," he's got to see it in the retail ticket.

Last fell a trifle and spare ribs dropped from \$18.70 to \$18.50 per 100 pounds. Corn slipped a cent or so and oats still down  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 cents.

Eggs, on the other hand, fresh eggs, went up a cent or so a dozen. Poultry dipped a cent or a cent and a half a pound, but potatoes went up 10 cents a hundred pounds.

The falling off in meat exports has been of much longer duration than generally understood. For two months Europe has been flagging pork.

**Pork Drug on Market.**

"There has been no European business in pork products for the last six days," reported Armour & Co., last night. "This is due to the inability of overseas buyers to finance their purchases. The demand for American foodstuffs is there, but the absence of credit arrangements and the falling rate of exchange has caused a cessation in new export business in this country. As a result pork products have been accumulating in this country and are completely absorbed by the domestic market, even though domestic trade is brisk."

All the packers point to the market quotations to show prices for cattle, hogs and sheep have slumped in company with foreign exchange and abated exports during the week, while whole-some meat prices also have declined, excepting those of hams and other cured pork products, cut from higher priced stock.

On the other hand, fresh eggs, which were selling at \$1.50 a dozen cans, while Roquefort and other imported cheese fell 5 cents or more per pound.

**Search for Proletiers.**

Agents of the federal department of justice were ordered on a new quest for egg and fish profiteers yesterday as the result of a barrage of complaints received by the Illinois fair price commission.

The north side housewives sought Mr. Joseph T. Bowens, head of the north side housewives to complain that their neighborhood grocers were charging as high as 80 cents a dozen for fresh eggs. A north shore physician reported that two dealers in Evanston had charged his wife 75 cents a dozen for eggs, and five business men told Maj. A. A. Sprague that the "sky's the limit" on retail egg prices in various parts of the city. A grocer in the Wilson avenue district who declared that his neighborhood competitor has been selling eggs at 75 cents, while he has held religiously to the 67 cent dead line set by the commission.

**Complain of Fish.**

The fish complaints were received from several sources. It was reported that a number of dealers had taken advantage of the fair price commission's recent recommendation of "weather frozen" fish in order to raise ancient cold storage goods on the market.

"This gives us something to work on," said Maj. Sprague. "We believe that this fraud is punishable under the law."

Numerous more of two more alleged profiteers were made public by the district attorney yesterday with the release on \$1,000 bonds of Max Udelovich, owner of the Standard Grocery company at 111 North Desplaines street, and a second, Louis Silver. Both were indicted by the last grand jury, charged with selling sugar at 20 cents a pound.

David Zuckerman of 1515 South California avenue on Oct. 22, 1919.

**COATROOM GIRL  
SUITS LA SALLE  
FOR \$10,000 TIPS**

Mrs. Regina Barlow, through Attorney Lewis H. Craig, yesterday filed a suit in the United States District court against the Hotel La Salle company. Over \$10,000, the amount of tips garnered in two years' service in the hotel's cloakrooms, is sought.

Mrs. Barlow, according to the bill of complaint in the United States District court, against the Hotel La Salle company, has now lived in the hotel since July, 1918.

Mrs. Barlow, who now lives in Detroit, spares that the hotel has been holding her money in trust all these years and that the same should now be in equity and good conscience, be returned to her. Her attorney, who has up cases pending in the state courts, hopes to get quicker action from the federal tribunal.

**Arrest Two on Charge  
of Padding a Payroll**

As the result of an investigation made by operatives for the Pinkerton Detective agency, John C. Lillis, 3243 Broadway, a checker employed by the Marshall & Fox Construction company, and Charles W. Panke, 1182 North Avenue, a timekeeper employed by the same concern, were arrested yesterday on charges of embezzlement.

The men were employed on the Drake hotel, a new hotel erected at East Walton place and North Michigan Boulevard, and are accused of collecting money from the company by means of a "padded payroll."

**CITY NEWS BRIEFS**

H. H. Merrick decorated by the Serbs. Chester Kowalczyk, 6, died of scalds at 1451 Cleaver street.

John Denis, 2182 Elston avenue, shot in leg when he ran from robbers.

John Heicht, 13420 Baltimore avenue, dead in bed. Wood alcohol near by.

Gov. Lowden praised the Illinois reserve militia at the 4th regiment arena.

John Beck, 20, Chicago Heights, sentenced to from three to twenty years for robbery.

W. H. Sage, ex-head of the narcotics bureau, charged with grafting, pleaded not guilty.

Olga Sandburg, Federal Reserve bank clerk, injured by an auto of the U. S. aero mail service.

John Baronti cleared of blame by a coroner's jury in the killing of his son-in-law, Robert Bocanero.

Hoynes men raided the office of Attorney Seymour N. Cohen, whose wife charges he plotted to get her fortune by marriage.

Charges filed against Dr. C. A. Donovan, police surgeon, that he failed to remove a flu patient to the hospital when so ordered.

Hoynes men raided the office of Attorney Seymour N. Cohen, whose wife charges he plotted to get her fortune by marriage.

Rose Schweburg, heralded as the "beautiful Monda Rose," rolled back to town last night in an automobile. With her was Edward C. Biehl, her former employer, who accused her of absconding with sums in excess of \$5,000, and a private detective who had announced her arrival to the press by telegram from Eau Claire, Wis.

Rose, cool as a cucumber and as unconcerned as if she were going to buy another saddle horse and set up her establishment again in a north side apartment, still had her Hudson seal coat with moleskin collar, her red shoes, her black satin sailor hat, and the dark brown skirt with a pencil stripe, all of which are said to have been purchased with the funds of the leather concern for which she worked.

She was entertained in the parlor car on the trip alternately by Mr. Biehl and the detective, but she appeared to be more engrossed in a magazine than either. The porter had removed her French bulldog to the linen closet.

Rose Says "Cordie Knew."

"You haven't got me in court yet," Rose said. "When you do I'll tell you some things that will surprise you. 'Cordie' knew all about it. He knew I was leaving Saturday night."

The detective stroked his chin. Had she not confessed to him that she had forged three checks for \$500 each?

"Got her cold," said the detective.

At Milwaukee a reporter rushed into the car followed by a lawyer. The lawyer began to talk to Rose, who appeared about as much interested in his conversation as she had in that of her other two companions.

"He's taking down a statement," announced the private sleuth with an air of mystery. "You can't speak to her now. I'll do all the talking for her."

**Via Auto from Lake Forest.**

Lake Forest was reached. It would never do to let the "beautiful embezzler" be seen by the multitude. The party hurried from the train and climbed into an automobile. Maybe it was because "Monda" was used to class." Maybe she wanted one more look at the roads she used to spin over in the days of her youth. Being the butcher. Maybe she couldn't stand being bored further by the train ride.

Anyway, the private sleuth smiled knowingly with his superior wisdom and explained not.

**MOTHER GIVES  
BABY AWAY AND  
WEEPS AT LOSS**

Juanita Burghart was told about her mother yesterday, that the woman didn't interest her at all. She was wondering how soon the nurse would come with her bottle.

Juanita is one of the latest babies to come to St. Vincent's Infant asylum. Her mother gave her away to another woman Tuesday evening in the waiting room of the Northwestern depot. This woman wanted to keep Juanita, but her husband wouldn't let her have her.

Not Committed to Plan.

"We want to have the data for subways under those streets at hand," said Chairman Samuel A. Ettelson.

George Washington Jackson, the engineer who built Chicago's sixty miles of freight subways, was designated yesterday by Mayor Thompson's traction commission to tackle the question of constructing a downtown passenger subway.

The commission passed a resolution directing Chairman Samuel A. Ettelson to open negotiations with Mr. Jackson for plans and estimates covering the cost of construction of both subways and track subways from the proposed street.

Great work under Lake, Randolph, Washington, Madison, Monroe, Adams, Wells, La Salle, Clark, Dearborn, and State streets, as well as Wabash ave-

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## BANKS GUIDING STOCK MARKET AT THEIR WILL

It is becoming generally apparent and is being daily demonstrated, that the immediately controlling factor in determining the turbulent course of the present stock market, is the price charged for money used on the stock exchange and that the New York banks are able to determine whether this price, or rate, shall be 8 or 25 per cent. At whatever price they offer money each morning the commission houses must take it and stocks move in sympathy with the rate.

During the last three days the opening price for a good account money has been 17 per cent. It was steady at that quotation all day Wednesday. It was high the two preceding days, and when there was no suggestion of easier rates the strain became too much for holders of securities on margin and they began to sell.

### Rapid Change in Prices.

Yesterday when the price again opened at 17 per cent the fear continued of an unchanged stringency. About noon a selling movement began and prices steadily melted by quarters and full points from 4 to 15 point declines had been recorded. In the midst of this panicky state some money was loaned at 15 per cent. More was loaned at 13, and almost instantly the market reversed itself and prices began to move up as fast as they had fallen away. Money was finally loaned at 10 per cent, and the market closed with recoveries of from 2 to 10 points.

### Sterling Rises and Falls.

The foreign exchange market took a secondary position. While sterling advanced and then moved down, the stock market acted without regard to its fluctuations. It was only when the banks offered money at a lower rate that the improvement began.

It is recognized that the country has in the period of liquidation of commodities, the same position which it held first to note this, since holders of securities are also holders of securities and there is a sympathetic interlacing of values. It is easier to sell on the stock exchange 100 shares of stock than to market 100 yards of cloth. The action is consummated in a few minutes without the intervention of price lists, salesmen, or the extension of credit.

This liquidation of commodities is being forced by interest rates to mercantile powers. These range from 6 per cent to 7 and possibly higher in loans for special purposes.

### Rate of Bankers.

The following table shows rates received by one of the largest local banks from one of the New York banks during the largest volume of lending in Wall street:

No meeting of bankers has been held and none is contemplated. The renewal rate today was 17 per cent, the same as yesterday.

The demand for call money has exceeded the supply this week, and we think this condition is likely to continue. The general money market is stringent. Brokers have responded well with additional margin calls.

There is no excitement. We think commercial interests are only now beginning to realize the serious condition of things, and this is a desirable state of mind, since it will make for conservatism.

### MONEY AND EXCHANGE

CHICAGO MONEY MARKET.

Money in Chicago steady at 10 per cent on collateral, commercial paper, 66 1/2 per cent, 6 1/2 per cent, New York exchange, 6 1/2 per cent.

Bank clearings were up \$100,000,000 a week ago and \$75,000,000 a year ago.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

Money in Chicago steady at 10 per cent on collateral, commercial paper, 66 1/2 per cent, 6 1/2 per cent, New York exchange, 6 1/2 per cent.

Bank clearings were up \$100,000,000 a week ago and \$75,000,000 a year ago.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Foreign exchange in amounts of \$25,000 or more between banks as quoted by the Merchants' Loan and Trust Company:

London Feb. 6. Feb. 5. Nov. 30. Yrs. Ago.

•Cables. 336 333 853 476,524

•Paris. 336 333 853 475,775

•Checks. 14.40 14.82 13.27 545

•Italy. 14.42 14.80 13.25 545

•Checks. 19.30 19.50 15.45 635

•Switzerland. 14.30 14.65 13.40

•Checks. 500 500 568 480

Holl. Checks. 374 374 38.00 41.15

Denmark. 374 374 38.00 41.15

Checks. 16.25 15.50 18.85 26.05

Norway. Checks. 17.00 17.00 17.85 27.45

Sweden. Checks. 18.00 18.00 18.00 28.25

Spain. Checks. 17.70 17.70 18.50 20.12

Croatia-Slovenia. Checks. 1.15 1.15 1.25

Czechoslovakia. Checks. .98 .98 .98

Romania. Checks. 1.75 1.75 1.80

Finland. Checks. 4.60 4.10 4.10

Poland. Checks. .75 .75 .84

Cuba. Checks. 140.00 150.00 100.00 20.50

•French, Italian, Belgian, and Swiss rates are quoted inversely. 1/100 thousand discount.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

High. Low. Close. chg. Net.

25 railroads. 54.74 52.20 52.81 -.15

25 mun. 52.00 50.50 51.00 -.05

50 stocks. 82.04 79.27 81.24 -.03

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

High. Low. Close. chg. Net.

Feb. 5. 83.05 81.08 81.57 -.17

Feb. 6. 83.07 82.08 82.94 -.18

Feb. 7. 83.05 82.08 82.84 -.18

Feb. 8. 83.05 82.08 82.84 -.18

Feb. 9. 83.05 82.08 82.84 -.18

Feb. 10. 83.05 82.08 82.84 -.18

Feb. 11. 83.05 82.08 82.84 -.18

Feb. 12. 83.05 82.08 82.84 -.18

Feb. 13. 83.05 82.08 82.84 -.18

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Apr. 14. 83.05 82.08 82.84 -.18

Apr. 15. 83.05 82.08 82.84 -.18

Apr. 16. 83.





## WANTED-MALE HELP.

Boys-Office and Factory.

BOY,

BRIGHT, ENERGETIC,  
who is willing to start in at  
the bottom to learn the sport  
of goods business.G. T. BURNS,  
THOS. E. WILSON & CO.,  
701 N. Sangamon-st.BOY, OVER 16, FOR OF-  
fice work and errands. Good  
opportunity to learn advertising  
business. Apply Mr.  
Edwards, 806 Brooks Bldg.BRIGHT BOYS  
for messenger service, age 14  
to 17. Good chance for ad-  
vancement. ApplyOMAHA PACKING CO.,  
2820 So. Halsted-st.BRIGHT BOY - EXPERIENCED SODA  
WATER boy. PLOWS, 61 E. Mad-  
ison, excellent work.YRS., 2, TO  
d accounting  
factory of  
high school ed-  
d; excellent  
for advance-  
BECK, 6558  
Take 63d-  
Menard-av.

EARN WHILE YOU LEARN.

Wanted - Boys, at least

grammar school graduates,  
between 14 and 17 years of  
age, for apprentices in the  
printing trades. Our twelve  
years' experience in training

and the records of our

graduates prove that young  
men who thoroughly learn a  
good trade are able to earn  
good wages and command  
the best position. Boys  
should not make the mistake  
of seeking men's wages  
and shaming about it.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRMEN

Experienced on Buick cars.

Write giving age and experi-  
ence. Salary, \$85 to \$45 per  
week, according to ability.  
Address K D 386, Tribune.AUTO REPAIR MAN-AP-  
ply 4814 Cottage Grove-av.

AUTOMOBILE IGNITION EXPERT

capable of repairing all makes  
of bench work. State experience and sal-  
ary apply. Address G 6 643, Tribune.DESIGNING ENGINEER - TWO CAPA-  
CIAL BUILDINGS - 5 & 8 months work. Ad-  
dress K D 386, Tribune.DIE-MAKER - FIRST CLASS, GOOD PAY. B  
& A. Tool Works, 3847 Lincoln-av.

DRAFTSMEN,

For Telephone Work.

Men who have had several  
years' experience in either  
mechanical or electrical  
drafting will find this an ex-  
cellent opportunity to enter  
the telephone equipment  
drafting field.Employment office open all day, including  
Saturday afternoon and Tuesday and Thur-  
day evenings, 8 to 9:30.WESTERN ELECTRIC CO.,  
INC., 48th-av. and 24th-st.

DRAFTSMEN.

ARCHITECTURAL

BENCH HAND.

Experienced in small drilling and assem-  
bling to read blue prints. AMERI-  
CAN PLATE CO., 2328 Indiana-av.BENCH WORKERS - AND CABINETMAKERS -  
Steam heated plant, direct of work.  
L. B. BANK FIXTURE CO., Atlanta, Ga.BOILERMAKERS AND  
MACHINISTSfor railroad work. Steady  
employment. Desirable loca-  
tion. Modern shops. ApplyRoom 1, Union Depot, Chi-  
cago, between 9 a. m. and 3  
p. m. Saturday, Sunday, and  
Monday.BOILERMAKER - PULLMAN RAILROAD  
CO., 1118 and Langley-av.BOYS AND YOUNG MEN  
for milling, drilling, tap-  
ping, and threading. 383 N.  
Francisco-av.BUILDING  
ESTIMATORS.Men having training in  
building construction, capa-  
ble of detailing bills of mate-  
rial for all classes of con-  
struction, to qualify for  
traveling position. Single  
men, 27 to 35 years preferred.

DRAFTSMEN WANTED.

Experienced mechanical engineer in Northern  
Ind. openings for Draftsmen, preferably  
those who have had experience on agricultur-  
al and mechanical work. Write stating ex-  
perience in detail. Men, write stating ex-  
perience in detail and wages expected.DRAFTSMAN - ABOUT 25, TO ASSUME  
charge of six draftsmen in West Side auto  
parts department. Must be able to give  
good salary and experience. Address F 6 111, Tribune.

DRAFTSMAN

Experienced, mechanical draftsmen, fa-  
miliar with machine design and machine  
shops. Also one with at least 1 year's experience  
on mechanical work.DRAFTSMAN - ABOUT 25, TO ASSUME  
charge of six draftsmen in West Side auto  
parts department. Must be able to give  
good salary and experience. Address F 6 111, Tribune.DRAFTSMAN - EX-  
PERIENCEDmechanical draftsmen, prefer man  
familiar with electric rayon, wire, and  
glass. Apply 4814 Cottage Grove-av.DRAFTSMAN - YOUNG MAN, LITTLE EX-  
PERIENCE required; good salary and  
good working conditions. Apply 4814 Cottage  
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Grove-av.



## WANTED-FEMALE HELP.

Stores and Offices.

HILLMAN'S  
WANT WOMEN FOR  
CASHIERS AND MER-  
CHANDISE WRAP-  
PERS, EXPERIENCE  
NOT NECESSARY,  
STEADY POSITIONS  
WITH GOOD SALA-  
RIES. APPLICATIONS  
RECEIVED ALL DAY.  
APPLY AT SUPERIN-  
TENDENT'S OFFICE,  
4TH FLOOR.  
STATE AND WASHINGTON.

LADY - YOUNG, TO TAKE  
bookkeeping position in of-  
fice of large South Side mfg.  
concern. Splendid opening,  
able girl. Must be thor-  
oughly experienced. Apply  
in own handwriting, stating  
age and salary desired. Ad-  
dress G E 127, Tribune.

LADY CHECKER FOR  
CAFETERIA. GOOD SAL-  
ARY. NO SUNDAY WORK.  
JOHN R. THOMPSON CO.,  
350 N. CLARK-ST. OFFICE  
AT FLOOR.

LADY - YOUNG, FOR GENERAL OFFICE  
and clerical work. Salary based on books:  
either monthly statement or weekly  
statement. Address G E 128, Tribune.

LADY - YOUNG, WITH WHOLESALE CLOTH-  
ing house, who has some office experience.  
Graduate preferred. Address G E 129, Tribune.

LADY - YOUNG, KNOWLEDGE STENO-  
GRAPHY, good handwriting, good speak-  
ing, good pay. Address G E 130, Tribune.

LADY - YOUNG, IN DENTAL OFFICE AS-  
SISTANT. WITH some experience or willing to learn.  
Address G E 131, Tribune.

LADY ASSISTANT - YOUNG, IN FILE  
ROOM. Call 1286, 208 S. La Salle.

LADY - YOUNG, FOR CANDY DEPART-  
MENT. BURLIN, 119 S. State-st.

LADY - YOUNG AS DENTAL OFFICE AS-  
SISTANT. 5735 W. Lake, Austin 4882.

LADY-COUNTER CLERK: HEALTH FOOD  
HOUSE. 19 E. Van Buren-st.

LEADER CLERK - YOUNG  
lady who is accurate at fig-  
ures and writes a good plain  
hand.

J. L. TAYLOR & CO.,  
555 S. Franklin.

LEADER CLERKS - ASSIST-  
ANT, in West Side factory.  
State past experience and sal-  
ary. Address F C 258, Trib-  
une.

LEADER CLERK - STATE AGE, EXPERT-  
ISE, and salary. Address G E 870, Trib-  
une. LONG HAND BILL CLERK - EXPERIENCED  
good chance for advancement. 34 W. Lake-  
st.

LOOP BANK HAS OPENING  
for young ladies, 16 years  
and over. No banking ex-  
perience required. Excellent  
opportunity for promotion.  
Give age, education, experi-  
ence if any, and salary want-  
ed. Address F M 551, Trib-  
une.

MAIL CLERK,  
experienced. Salary \$65 to  
\$75 per month. Apply 2117  
Conway Bldg. Westinghouse  
Lamp Co.

MARRIED WOMEN.

WE CAN USE A NUMBER  
OF YOUNG MARRIED WOM-  
EN WHO CAN WORK AT  
LEAST 4 DAYS PER WEEK  
ON LIGHT WORK IN OUR  
MERCHANDISE MARKING  
ROOM. GOOD STARTING  
SALARY. APPLY SUPTS'  
OFFICE, 9TH FLOOR.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.,  
RETAIL.

REQUIRE

CASHIERS-INSPECTORS.

NO EXPERIENCE  
NECESSARY.

APPLY AT ONCE, SUPTS'  
OFFICE, 9TH FLOOR.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.,  
RETAIL.

STENOGRAPHER,

Experienced for bank on north west side.  
State experience and references. Address G E 220.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.

For one that is neat and accurate to can-  
not be used. Good working conditions  
are good. Full salary according to require-  
ments. Full salary as to salary, except  
where you are accurate. Address G E 221.

STENOGRAPHY OPERATOR-ROOM 931, 19

POTIONS

FOR A LIMITED NUM-  
BER OF YOUNG WOM-  
EN, TO HANDLE LONG  
DISTANCE TELE-  
PHONE MESSAGES.

NO EXPERIENCE  
NECESSARY. WE GIVE  
PRELIMINARY TRAIN-  
ING AND PAY YOU  
WELL WHILE DOING  
SO.

APPLICANTS DE-  
SIREDBEETWEEN THE  
AGES OF 17 AND 28  
YRS, WITH AT LEAST  
A GRAMMAR SCHOOL  
EDUCATION.

PREFER THOSE LIV-  
ING NEAR TRANSPOR-  
TATION WHICH IS  
CONVENIENT TO OUR  
SOUTH SIDE OFFICE.

MISS DORAN,  
4701 S. KEDZIE-AV.

## WANTED-FEMALE HELP.

Stores and Offices.

OFFICE ASSISTANT-FOR GENERAL OF-  
fice work. Young lady of good education  
and experience. Salary \$12 to \$15 to start.  
Address G E 128, near Clark-st.

ROGERS & HALL, CO.  
1240 N. Clark-st. 12th fl.

OFFICE ASSISTANT-BRIGHT  
for general office work; must be good  
position; attractive figure; permanent  
job. Address The American Chick Co., 108 W.  
Monroe-st.

OPERATOR-MULTIGRAPH. EXPERIEN-  
CE to operate two machines with in-  
stantaneous position. Good working  
conditions. Address G E 128 W.  
Monroe-st.

OPERATOR-ON ELLIOTT-FISHER BOOK  
CO. 545 S. Wells-st.

OPERATOR-EXP. DICTAPHONE IN RAIL-  
ROAD OFFICE: salary \$65 per month.  
Address for advancement. Tribune 745.

OPERATOR-MIMOGRAPH. EXPERIEN-  
CE to operate two machines; permanent  
position. Good working conditions. Address  
G E 128 W. Monroe-st.

OPERATOR-MIMOGRAPH. EXPERIEN-  
CE to operate two machines; permanent  
position. Good working conditions. Address  
G E 128 W. Monroe-st.

OPERATOR-MIMOGRAPH. EXPERIEN-  
CE to operate two machines; permanent  
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G E 128 W. Monroe-st.

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CE to operate two machines; permanent  
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G E 128 W. Monroe-st.

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CE to operate two machines; permanent  
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WANTED—FEMALE HELP.  
Factory and Trades.

INSPECTORS AND WRAPPERS.

Girls, 14 to 18, as inspectors and wrappers. Permanent positions; good salaries. Apply Employment Office, 8th floor. Take Adams and Dearborn-st. elevators.

THE FAIR.

LADIES—WITH MILLINERY EXPERIENCE—FOR HOME MONEY. BLOOMFIELD, 1044 Wilson-st.

LADIES—NO TRACE ON MECHANICAL WORK—FOR HOME MONEY. GOOD SALARY. ADDRESS G 579, Tribune.

LADY BARBERS—21, POLISH PROF. 10756 Green-st. South Chicago 9562.

MARCEL WAVER.

Export: more up to date and sanitary shop in G 282, Tribune.

MARCEL WAVER—EXPERIENCED: EXCELLENT WAGES. Rogers Park 3064.

MIDDLE AGED WOMEN

for examining silk and leather bags. Apply 8th floor, 111 So. Wells-st.

MORRIS, MANN &amp; REILLY.

MILLINERY WORKERS.

TRIMMERS, COPYISTS, MAKERS, PREPARERS.

Permanent positions. Highest salaries.

Most comfortable working conditions. Daylight workrooms. Our own restaurant in bldg.

Tea and coffee served free.

5¢ day week.

Bonus in addition to salary.

Apprentices paid while learning.

D. B. FISK &amp; CO., 225 N. WABASH-AV.

MILLINERS, TRIMMERS, PREPARERS, COPYISTS, APPRENTICES.

We are now settled in our new daylight workroom, offering the best comfortable working conditions in the country. We have steady work the year around and pay a liberal bonus to all employees besides their regular earnings. We also serve tea and coffee free of charge in our new lunchroom. Hours 8:30 to 5:30, Saturday 1 o'clock. CHICAGO MERCANTILE CO., 159-171 N. Michigan. Ask for Miss Weller.

MILLINERY MAKERS AND LEARNERS. Vests, blouses, good pay. 231-240 N. Wabash-av. OPERATORS—HEMSTITCHERS, hand sewers, drapers, experienced on high class waists. All of our employees make good money:

DUBROCK-DAVIS CO., 219 W. Monroe.

SAMPLE PASTERS. Woolen samples. Highest pay.

SCHOENBRUN &amp; CO., 844 W. Adams-st.

SEAMSTRESS.

on light repair work; sorter on rough dry; girls on flat work ironers. Also girls over 16 to learn. Best wages. 8 hour day.

PARIS LAUNDRY, 2328 Prairie-av. Calumet 619.

SEAMSTRESS—with shop experience to work by week. Bread 6713, \$400. IND.

SKIRT DRAPERS AND FINISHERS.

WAIST DRAPERS AND HELPERS.

COAT MAKERS.

MILLINERY MAKERS AND APPRENTICE.

Yearly position. Best wages. Short hours.

GRACE, IMPORTER, 661 N. Michigan-av.

Corner Erie-st.

SKIRT AND WAIST DRAPERS AND HELPERS.

HIGHEST WAGES. STEADY WORK. BATH 111, MICHIGAN-av.

WHITNEY 111, MICHIGAN-av.

TRIMMERS AND MAKERS

WANTED TO ACCEPT POSITIONS IN CITY AND OUT OF TOWN. REGISTER YOUR NAME WITH US.

W. H. HAUN,

CHICAGO MERCANTILE CO.

159-171 N. MICHIGAN-av.

WANTED—GIRLS TO PASTE tailors' sample books; good pay, long season.

EDWARD E. STRAUSS &amp; CO., 402 S. Market-st.

WANTED—20 COLORED girls to learn lamp shade making. Good wages while learning.

PARCH-O-LITE CO., 506 So. Webster.

WOMEN OR CHILDREN—FOR LIGHT BENCH work in electric shop. Pay 49 hours. Work 1000 hours. Can work full or part time. 2000 cars daily.

WOMAN—DO STYLING AND LINING out of city. Room 18, 104 W. Bas-

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.  
Factory and Trades.

WE NEED

FIFTY MORE GIRLS

FOR ASSEMBLY WORK.

WE ARE ABOUT TO START A NEW LINE OF WORK FOR WHICH WE WILL REQUIRE THE ABOVE NUMBER OF NEW EMPLOYEES. THIS IS A REAL OPPORTUNITY. CALL AT ROOM 856, 29 S. LA SALLE-ST., 8:30 A. M. TO 6:30 P. M., OR 120 S. SANAMON-ST. UNTIL 5:30 P. M. BENJAMIN ELEC. MFG. CO.

—

WOMEN

to finish sweaters at home or at factory. Good pay to be ginners and experienced help.

Will teach beginners.

SHAKER KNITTING MILLS CO., 426 S. Clinton-st.

—

WOMAN.

EXPERIENCED, TO TAKE

CHARGE OF LABELING

DEPT. IN PAINT FACTORY.

2144 ELSTON-av.

—

WOMEN—WHITE; FOR

rough factory work; \$3.80 per day. 900 W. 18th-st.

—

WOMAN—MIDDLE AGED, LIGHT FABRIC work in home. No experience necessary. Good pay. Apply Room 512, 5 W. Webster-av.

WOMAN BAKER—FOR HOME BAKERY. 925 E. 65th-st.

—

YOUNG WOMEN,

2, FOR LIGHT WORK

in china decorating establishment. Chance to learn.

PICHED CHINA STUDIOS, 3833 Ravenswood-av.

—

20 GIRLS

—

WANTED TO WORK IN NEW LABORATORY NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY ONCE.

THE HOLLISTER-WILSON LABORATORIES, 4221 S. Western-av.

—

23 GIRLS

for bindery work. Must be 10 years old. Steady, pleasant work. 48 hours per week. Half holiday Saturday. Good wages.

CUNEO-HENNEBERRY CO., 22d, Canal and Grove-sts.

—

Household Help.

AN INTELLIGENT PERSON

as nursery governess. Own room. \$18 per week. Phone Winnetka 516 M. Reverse

—

NURSE—EX-PA. WHITE FOR INFANT 12 MONTHS. NICE HOME. 1216 N. LAKEVIEW 261.

NURSE—CARE FOR THE CHILDREN BY DAY, refs. Superior 9745 or call 1144.

NURSEY GOVERNESS—GIRL AND 1½ yrs. good wages and best refs. Oaklawn 1050.

NURSE MAID—FOR WALKING CHILD TO assist in light hawk. Ph. Lake View 261.

NURSE MAID AND ASSISTANT COOK—Ph. Girls Club 430.

—

NURSE MAID—WHITE FOR GENERAL HOUSEKEEPER. HOUSEWORK AND COOKING. Apply Hospital 6904 S. Green.

—

WANTED TO WORK IN NEW LABORATORY NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY ONCE.

THE HOLLISTER-WILSON LABORATORIES, 4221 S. Western-av.

—

COMPANION—WOMAN WHO UNDERSTANDS HOW TO TAKE CARE OF CONVICT PERSONS. Mrs. H. GONE, Normal 2550.

COOK AND GENERAL COOK—GENERAL COOK AND SECOND MAID—REFERENCES.

COMPANION—WOMAN WHO UNDERSTANDS HOW TO TAKE CARE OF CONVICT PERSONS. Mrs. H. GONE, Normal 2550.

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